Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

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Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

SAN FRANCISCO indignantly denies that it has Nihilists. It has sand-lot hoodlums, though, which are just as bad.

THE business that makes criminals, paupers and madmen is itself criminal. The trade that makes outlaws should itself be made an outlaw.

THE Reading Iron-Works will pay creditors a dividend of between 30 and 50 per cent. They will shortly resume operations under a new company.

BE careful how you vote on the 18th of June. Your ballot will be counted by the God of the nations, and you will be called to account for your action.

THE train wrecked by robbers near Sullivan, Mo., Thursday night by a strange coincidence had on board a large body of physicians who at once cared for the injured.

MINISTER Robt. T Lincoln has arrived in England and been very cordially received. At Liverpool the Mayor and corporation of the city turned out to honor him. It was a tribute not only to the man, but the great nation he represents and will be appreciated in this country.

AS CONSUL of the United States in Birmingham, that hive of busy English workers, Mr. John Jarrett will feel quite at home. It is needless to say that his selection for the post by the President is another signal instance of Gen. Harrison's knack of putting the right man into the right place.

WHEN Mr. Gladstone was knocked down by a cab the other day in London he not only picked himself up, but ran after it, overtook it and collaring the driver held him until the police took him in charge. There is no immediate danger of the greatest of the present generation of English statesmen dying out.

THE trade review of this week is more encouraging than that of last, showing decidedly better crop prospects and a better feeling in the branches of industry and trade which have been most depressed. Iron, coal and wool all look better. Not unlikely we have touched bottom and are on the up grade.

THE United States Treasury at Washington has just received 28 cents conscience money. Strange, isn't it, that the amount of conscience money is always small? When the amount wrongfully acquired is of importance, somehow the still, small voice of conscience seems too insignificant to be worthy of notice.

A PROMINENT Cabinet officer denies that there is any trouble in the President's Cabinet and that there is any likelihood of its reorganization. The President and his advisers are all in full accord and there has been nothing to disturb their harmony, all the reports of the democrats and Mugwumps to the contrary, notwithstanding.

YELLOW FEVER is epidemic at Vera Cruz, Mexico, and is carrying off a large number of victims. This is not in the United States, but it is near enough to be dangerous and to require vigilance and every needed precaution to keep it without our bounds. In this instance an ounce of prevention is worth many pounds of cure.

ACCORDING to reports from Montana there is a considerable immigration of Mormons from Utah into the British possessions taking place. Only about a week ago reports came from Utah that the Mormons were preparing to settle a vast tract of land in Mexico. Let the good work go on. When Utah has been drained of its rapid polygamists it will be in a condition to be admitted to the Union.

THE derivation of the word May, applied to the present month, is thus given: "Latin, *Maius*, erroneously said to be derived from *Maia*, a feminine divinity, mother of Murcury, worshiped at Rome on the first day of this month, for the name was in use among them long before they knew anything about Murcury or his mother. It is probably a contraction of *Magius*, derived from the Sanskrit *Mag* or *Mah*, to grow, May being the season of growth.

THE GREAT FIGHT.

STATE COLLEGE, May 23, 1889.

Editor Republican: I believe I said in my letter a few weeks since, treating on the subject of the Constitutional Amendment, I would finish what more I have to say in another letter. You ask what people think and say about it. In our township, my impression is, they are pretty evenly divided; through Centre county the verdict will be—no liquor. I think there is now taking place in the minds of the people everywhere a change in favor of the Amendment.

All know the bad effects of liquor and the curse it brings and will not fight against temperance. Whiskey is a bad thing in our days, and in my humble opinion it is going to be lost on the 18th of June, 1889. It evident to all good temperance men that the liquor makers and dealers and all who make drunk are much frightened and are working hard. Why, they are spending millions on this Pennsylvania election to make votes. They see that temperance men are getting in earnest and are in good courage, determined to win votes for the good cause. Why, oh brother, should it not win? Think what it is to deal in and to make money out of a business that ruins so many men—loses both body and soul.

It becomes us all to think and to study well before we vote against the Amendment. It is to stop liquor from being sold as a beverage in our State. It is the great profit in the business of making and drugging the mixed, cursed stuff into poison that makes the fight so terrible, and to conquer so difficult. I am glad to think victory is no near. Look at the mighty hosts now gathering to the rescue. Fall into the ranks, you who are so easily tempted. See our Christian churches and the good men that belong to that great body laboring earnestly in this State—the Keystone. They are all getting in earnest. Our good statesmen of both political parties and the third party prohibitionists of 1888, who will be all right this time in the year 1889.

Look at the many thousands who have been tempted to be intemperate and know the wrong life it leads to. Poisoned and adulterated by drugged liquor and beer, they will vote against the traffic and for the Constitutional Amendment. The ladies, oh what a band, singing as they go, and all of them praying for temperance. Think what an influence they will have in the coming election. Yes their children, dear ones, many were left orphans and destitute because of the dissipation of parents. They can be counted by hundreds, yes thousands. Think of this, liquor men, before you pay the bill or before you vote. Stop the business for your own good and that of all people. I hope I am telling you the truth for I know there are good men among you. I do not want to exaggerate.

I can remember back fifty years to the days of pure liquor. I had never then heard of its being drugged, but it was bad enough at that time. I remember of women and children being chased out of the house in the night by the drunken husband and father. I knew him very well. A good natured, hard-working man when sober, but a terribly bad man when drunk. He could not control his appetite for liquor. It mastered him when he looked at the red bottle and the bar which were in the taverns of them days. There was some excuse then for the liquors of pure fruit, corn and rye, but not so now.

Excuse me, Mr. Editor, if my communication is long. I must tell you of what some of our neighbors say of Prohibition. One I met recently said he thought it was not constitutional to break up a lawful business without indemnifying the person for it. Yes, sir, we will try if we can get one big vote ahead. I say courage; we want now to get a majority of 50,000 in Pennsylvania. Get a large majority of the people to favor the Constitutional Amendment to prohibit dealing in it as a beverage.

Another old farmer says he has always used it, and would not go against it, for he liked it, and has now a good many gallons of whiskey in his cellar for his own use. The poor old rich man (as he is) has a good many children and some poor, weak friends. He don't think about saving them. We have another good old neighbor but a great party man. Politics rule him, and to make a poor excuse for not voting for the Amendment, says the leaders of one polifical party got it up—let them see to it. He forgets that he has many good friends and maybe some weak ones, too, near home, and as a good man should think of them.

A young man whom I asked to vote for the Amendment and to tell me what he thinks of it, said: "Oh, the present law is good enough for me. Liquor is high priced enough now, and if the making of liquor is stopped the drug stores will charge so much for it for medical purposes that a poor man cannot get it—and I like my glass of beer."

One more. A good, honest laborer says: "I do not know. I had some thought of voting for it, but I don't know now. The rich, moneyed men want to monopolize and impose on the laboring men and keep them under, by putting up everything (including liquor and beer) so high that they can get it, but the poor man cannot." I say if they will have it let them alone to get it by the barrel and fill themselves. They will not have the chance of treating our young men, and the temptation of the saloon and liquor bar will be ended.

JOHN S. FOSTER.

"The Iron Lesson."

Under this head the New York *Commercial Advertiser* informs its readers that the production of pig iron in Alabama is "about four dollars a ton less than in Pennsylvania," and that if Pennsylvania cannot produce iron as cheaply as Alabama, Pennsylvania must go into some other business." Were this true the time would be short when Alabama makers would have possession of the markets of the country, a state of things that has not dawned yet. There is much misstatement about the comparative cost of iron North and South. It is a fact that Alabama iron has been offered in Northern markets for less than Northern iron was selling for; but it was not wanted for the purposes for which the Northern Iron was wanted. It is doubted whether much if any Southehrn iron was ever sold in the Northern market for the cost of production at the point of delivery. Good judges, after close observation, doubt whether the so-called $9 Southern iron, after footing up every item of the cost, as we do in the North, does not cost the makers nearly or quite as much as Northern iron: and it is becoming the settled belief that the competition which Southern furnaces have attempted in the Northern market cannot be kept up without a serious impairment of Southern capital. It is obvious from our New York contemporary's remarks that it knows very little about the subject, and is not likely ever to attain to anything like a fair comprehension of it.

THE testimony in the inquest in the case of Washington Bishop, the mind-reader, was very damaging to the physicians who carved him up. Bishop's mother told how on one occasion her son had lain for six days in a trance and on the seventh became actively alive again, and that Bishop always carried about him a piece of paper forbidding any autopsy without the consent of her, as he feared being carved up while in a trance. Miss Jones, the poetess friend, and Mrs. Sweet, another friend of Bishop, described a trance they had seen him in, and Dr. Briggs corroborated the story of Mrs. Bishop about his prolonged trance of six days. The Bishop case becomes the more startling the further it progresses.

THE Philadelphia Inquirer believes that one cent postage will yet come and that during the present administration. It says: "Any improvement of the postal service need not interfere with the Republican policy of reducing letter postage to one cent, and we have no idea that Mr. Wanamaker intends that it shall. The Republican National platform has substantially promised the country this reduction, and it will be expected. That it will come during the present administration may be safely predicted, and we believe that a Republican Congress may be trusted to act on it in accordance with the Republican promise."

ON November 28, 1863, the first regular railroad trian was run on the first railroad built in the State of Kansas, which extended from Wyandotte to Lawrence, a distance of forty miles. Of the thirty four States that then composed the Union only two had less railroad mileage than Kansas. To-day Kansas is the second State in point of railroad mileage in the Union. The greatest growth shown by any Kansas road is that of the Santa Fe, which in 1874 had 470 miles and in 1889 has 7,717 miles.

JUDGE FURST ON TH LIQUOR QUESTION.

Huntingdon *Local News*: At the last session of our criminal court, during the recent trials of offenders against our high license laws, upon the request of the district attorney, Judge Furst gave the following instructions to the grand jury concerning the illegal selling of liquor by druggists:

"A druggist may sell alcohol or any admixture of it, that is, where it enters into the composition of a medicine, or where the medicine is compounded of two or more ingredients, one of which is alcohol, he may sell such preparation for medical, scientific and mechanical purposes without a prescription of a regularly registered physician. He can not sell it on prescription where he knows it is to be used as a beverage. Where a healthy man comes with a prescription for whiskey and the circumstances show the druggist that he only wants it for a beverage, the prescription of the physician will not be a protection. Where the circumstances of the case ought to teach or lead him to suspect that it is to be used for other purposes than a medicine, the prescription will not protect the druggists. And if physicians are in the habit of giving prescriptions to men of known intemperate habits they are just as guilty as any other persons who violate the license act. There is a false opinion and has been among certain men owing to the bungling construction of the act, that if a man can obtain a prescription from a physician, he can get the liquor and drink it in the presence of the druggist. That is not the law and never was the intent of the law. The intent of the law was that no liquor should be furnished by a druggist for medical, mechanical or scientific purposes except on the prescription of a physician. If it is necessary for a patient to have liquor, he can only get it on the prescription of a physician; and if a stout hearty man comes furnished with a prescription repeatedly, the druggist ought to know that it was not intended to be used as medicine.

CHICAGO is excited, principally over the murder of Dr. Cronin. He was a prominent Irishman. After his mysterious disappearance every part of the city was thoroughly (?) searched, without finding him, though a large trunk stained with blood was found. Reports came that Dr. Cronin had fled from the city and had secreted himself. A week or longer passed and then the decomposed body of Cronin was accidentally found in a sewer. Near it was found a a woman's finger. This accounts for Chicago's excitement and all sorts of theories concerning the tragedy are now rife. It is thought by some that the Doctor was a member of the Clanna-gael society and that he is one of the spies whose identity was privately told by the witness Caron on the trial. If so his murder is of national consequence. The house has been located where the murder took place and the appearances give proof of a terrific struggle. Various statements are made by different people about men who are supposed to have occupied the house. One or two arrests have been made, one of the arrested parties being a detective. The mayor of the city is said to have undertaken the investigation.

THE New York Graphic says that the intense partisanship of Iowa Republicans is sometimes wondered at by their fellow Republicans in other States. The Republicans of Iowa believe in Republicanism as the synonyn for good government. They have reason for the belief locally. The State of Iowa has been controlled and its affairs managed entirely by Republicans. The State debt is only $95,000, although in the past six years a million or more dollars has been spent for new public institutions—a soldier's home and an insane asylum being among the number. The the entire State debt will be paid off this year. Now, while this is true of the State, the county of Dubuque happens to be largely Democratic, and in that county the contrast is seen between Republican and Democratic rule. Dubuque county has under the Democrats piled up a debt of over $100-000, which is increasing every year and hasn't a single public improvement to show for it. With such contrasts before their eyes it is marvelous that any Iowans should be Democrats.

IN a few days Secretary Blaine will send a commission to Hayti to endeavor to bring about peace between the revolutionists of that island and ascertain if there is not a good harbor there that this country can use as a coaling station. Here is a Secretary of State after the American people's own heart. When Mr. Blaine's four years of office are done there will be quite a different showing from what there was when Mr. Bayard's four years were finished.

The National Guard.

The forthcoming report of Adjt-Gen. Hastings, on the condition of the National Guard for 1888, is altogether creditable to that organization. The Pennsylvania division consists of 8,375 men, of whom 592 are commissioned officers. The total cost of maintenance and equipment for the year was $307,505.06. Of this amount the three brigade encampments are charged with $171,345.42. When it is considered that the cost of supporting this indispensable arm of the public service amounts to about 10 cents a day for every man enrolled, no patriotic citizen will be heard grumbling about the burden.

The Adjutant General says the knapsacks, haversacks and canteens, which have been in continuous use for the past ten years, are much worn and will soon have to be replaced. The Gatling-guns are in good condition, but the remaining armament of the batteries is of little account, being, indeed, practically worthless. It is a source of no small degree of pride that the Pennsylvania National Guard, in spite of all drawbacks, never fail to make a highly creditable appearance when called out for camp duty or put upon the march. They make the very best of their facilities and opportunities, and wherever they go they carry with them the appearance and the demeanor of true soldiers. They are eminently deserving the hearty commendation of the public and the liberal support of the State Government.

PRUNING THE APPROPRIATIONS.

It is said Gov. Beaver will be under the necessity of cutting down the appropriations made by the Legislature to the extent of over $1,000,000. The total sum appropriated is $12,976,632, while the estimated revenue is only $11,131,000, a difference of over $1,800,000. The Harrisburg *Telegraph* places the entire responsibility for the consequences which may ensue upon the recklessness or thoughtlessness of those who reported and passed the appropriation bills. It says: "The Legislature had ample warning that it was going too far in the matter of appropriating the State's money, but it wouldn't listen and in its closing days it raided the treasury as if there were billions at command. Whoever asked received, and there was a reckless prodigality in appropriations that was appalling. Then the Legislature adjourned, and kindly shifted the responsibility for the ultimate fate of the bills to the shoulders of Gov. Beaver. It is understood that the Governor has accepted the responsibility, and that during the next week he will apply the pruning knife in a very vigorous manner."

DON'T fail to cast a ballot on Jun. 18th to abolish the manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale, of all intoxicating drinks.

For He who notices the sparrows fall,
Whose great all-seeing Eye is over all,
Will see your ballot, ere you hand it in
Whether it be to stay, or aid this sin.

THE story goes that in order to improve their breathing apparatus Bob Cook has had the noses of the Yale crew bored out, and now Yale scents victory from afar.

The largest railway station in the world is the terminus station of the Peninsular Railway at Bombay, India, at which an army of workmen were at work for ten years at miserable wages. It cost $19,000,000.

America publishes more papers than all the rest of the world combined. Last year its 17,107 periodicals printed the enormous number of 2,558,556,500—enough to supply every soul on earth with two newspapers.

For 48 years there was not a law case in the town of Meddybemps, Me., neither was there a lawyer. But two weeks ago a lawyer hung out his sign in this private paradise, and now two citizens are going to law over a fence lime.

John Franklin, of Athens, Ga., was very much surprised when he went to his home the other night to find that during the day a swarm of bees had taken possession of his house. They entered through a knot-hole in the weather boarding.

GENERAL NOTES.

Albany, Ga., is proud of a three-legged alligator.

The crying need of this country is a back gate that nobody can hang a joke on.

The schools in the town of Starks, Me., have been closed owing to the prevalence of measles.

Dr. Agnew says a healthy woman can kill herself in about a year by horseback riding.

A Brooklyn father is under arrest for having whaled his daughter with a section of garden hose.

A shade of pink scarf very much affected by Harvard boys is commercially known as "raw veal."

Enough bones to fill a cart were found in a fox's den in Birmingham, Chester county, Pa., recently.

Los. Angeles, Cal., last year shipped 8,095 tons of fruit and imported from the East 7,021 tons of beer.

Twenty-three per cent of the white girls of Alabama who are 15 years old can't write their names.

Augusta has both Adam and Eve, and one of the Georgia papers wants to credit it with being the first paradise.

The editor of a Fort Ogden (Fla.) paper asserts that a bamboo sprout near his well grew five inches in one night.

The deepest coal pit in the world is said to be the St. Andre in the Charleroi [Belgium] district. It is 3,084 feet deep.

A land turtle, with "J. F.—W. L. L. P., 1816," cut on its shell, was caught Sunday on a farm at West Goshen, this State.

At the Troy polytechnic the students have a craze. They paper their ceilings with envelopes of letters from their best girls.

A very large shark of the hammer head specie was caught at Punta Rossa, Fla., a few days ago. He was 10 feet in length.

John Starr, of Pike county, Ga., killed two owls on Powder creek, some time ago, one of them measuring 50 inches from tip to tip.

In Roostoen, Holland, there is a giant rose tree belonging to Mme. Regnen, which a few years ago held 6,000 roses at the same time.

A steel mat for the office of the Hotel Richelieu, Chicago, is 41 feet long and 4 feet wide, the largest ever made in the world in one piece.

Last week the Isle of Man was visited by a wonderful thunder storm. The lightning was of a beautiful rose color and most incessant.

There are more than 80 national cemetaries in America, containing in all 315,555 graves. Of these 133,146 are the graves of unknown soldiers.

A colored boy in Jeffersonville, Ind., swallowed a lead pencil. The pencil and the boy were saved, but it took four doctors several hours to do it.

One hundred dollars has been offered by the Princeton Club in New York to the man who passes the best examination for the freshman class in June.

The old building at Charlotte, N. C., is which Lord Cornwallis transacted business while in this country, was burned by an incendiary the other morning.

The water supply of Ishpeming, Mich., is so vile, that the citizens buy water from peddlers at 5 cents a gallon, the peddlers getting the fluid at Rock Kiln.

Louisa Lehrman, aged 70 years, has brought suit in Galena, Ill., to recover $10,000 damages for breach of promise against Samuel Cunningham, also aged 70.

A physician says that the "spring of cranks," who fill themselves up at this season with herb teas and bitters and blood purifiers, are more numerous than usual.

There is an old negro in Quitman county, Ga., who has never owned a lock. He has been for years nailing a bar of wood across the door of his crib every night.

A gentleman in Eustis, Fla., has an alligator that he is going to train to drive in harness. The youthful saurian has had several lessons and is proving very tractable.

N S Bridges, of Charlotte, Me., a veteran bear hunter, 86 years old, caught and killed his 86th bear recently. Bruin proved a hard customer and tipped the scales at 400 pounds.

A young lady named Break, who died recently at her home near Freehold, N. J., left a goodly portion or her property to the gentleman to whom she was engaged to be married.

A Portland, Me., business man lost a $20 gold coin on his way to work a few days ago, and, returning at night, found the same piece on the pavement, where it had remained unnoticed all day.

The expected visit of the Shah of Persia to England recalls the fact that no Persian monarch ever had gray hair. Gray hair is by universal custom prohibited in Persia, and is never seen.

A soldier belonging to a detachment of the Austrian army in Transylvania was recently killed by a bullet from a Manlicher rifle discharged during target practice at a distance of more than 2½ miles.

John D Davis, a farmer residing at New Diggins, Ill., put his milk cans on the woodpile to dry, and the reflection of the sun's rays from them set the wood on fire, doing considerable damage to his house and barn.

Poetry.

AN ARTISTIC STORY.

A strange young artist arrived in town,
All on a rainy day.
He said he had traveled all oe'r the world
And talked in a wonderful way.

In London town is where he was born;
He tarried in Paris long;
He lived some time in St. Petersburg—
Every place in the world but Hong Kong.

Eternal Rome was once his home—
He visited Milan and Turin—
Then this much-traveled young man
Across the ocean did spin.

He walked all over hills and dales
With the noted writer, M. Quad;
Then he went to the Golden State.
Which lies west many a rod.

He journeyed down the California coast
Where the Cliff Dwellers were;
Matt Carpenter was then his bosom friend
And together they made quite a stir.

There he made pictures for a great work
Called "Picturesque California;"
For each copy of which the western nabobs
A thousand dollars did pay.

He was wondrous wise—could speak *French* and Latin—
Was studying Sanscrit and Greek;
And, oh yes, this remarkable man
Vast stores of knowledge did seek.

He could paint like Reynolds or write like Macauley;
Was an adept at writing short hand—
Typewriting and telegraph operating
Were as nothing to his skillful hand.

But his greatest acquirement was to make pretty pictures
To print in the papers, you know;
And then he could sketch and do portrait painting
And into his hands make money to flow.

All these things he said he could do
As easily as it is to eat;
And oh, we trusted him fully
And hoped he would use no deceit,

His pictures failed to "pan out" very well,
Though he faithfully did try;
And all the pictures which he did make,
We could easily put in our eye.

He lingered in town somewhat longer—
Perhaps a fortnight or two;
Then suddenly took his departure
Bidding the borough "adieu."

Behind him are many mementoes
Of things that he can do,
There is a daubed up painting
And a great big board bill too.

Other bills of minor importance
Testify to his career;
He purloined a professional certificate
Which a certain horse doctor held dear.

The name he gave was Carroll Clarke;
He gnawed his light moustache,
He was just about to make his mark
When that whole thing went to smash.

He's gone—he's "skipped the gutter;"
Ne'er more will he return,
And whene'er we think of him
Our hearts will fondly yearn.

Our Story Teller

AN INDIAN'S WRATH.

Several years ago my husband built and conducted a hotel for the accommodation of the miners and teamsters at the terminal point of one of our California railroads. Like many other small towns in the northern portion of the state, it boasted of an Indian rancherie, or settlement, within its environments, the half civilized inhabitants of which played a more or less important part in its local history. With few exceptions they were a moderately peaceful, industrious community, the men spending their time in hunting and fishing, and the women doing the drudgery, such as procuring fuel for their fires, the laundry work of their white neighbors, etc. Every now and then, however, the wild nature of the red men, either through the medium of fire water or intense passion, would become aroused; and at such times crimes of varying degrees of enormity were almost certain to be the result.

We had one child, a bright little fellow about 2 years old, who, by reason of his cute, babyish antics, has become a great favorite with the patrons of the hotel; and they, as a token of their affection, presented him on his second birthday with a diminutive iron bank, in which each of the miners and teamsters had dropped a silver dollar. As day after day came and went, dollar after dollar found its way into the little treasure box, till it became so heavy that baby could no longer lift it, and I placed it for safe keeping upon a bracket in my dressing room.

One morning, after old Julia, the Indian woman who did our laundrying once a week, had performed her usual hard day's washing, it occurred to me that I had done a very careless thing in permitting her to go into my room for the soiled clothes, and knowing the propensity of her race to steal, I at once proceeded to ascertain whether anything was missing. Baby's bank was gone! Old Julia had stolen it.

It was too late to do anything that day, but early the next morning we had their hut searched, with the result that fragments of the broken bank were found, but no money. They were bountifully supplied with provisions, however, and inquiry at one of the stores elicited the fact that a large bill of goods such as we had found had been purchased there the evening before by old Julia and her spouse. The woman was accordingly arrested, and, after being convicted, was sent to the county jail in the adjoining town for a term of three months.

Many predicted that this would not be the end of the affair, as the woman's husband was a dangerous character, and might seek to avenge his wife's imprisonment; but neither my husband nor myself shared their fears, and the matter was forgotten after a day or two.

One day, about a fortnight after Julia's conviction, I was assisting the dining room girls to prepare the table for luncheon, when suddenly the sound of a low, guttural, threatening voice at the window drew my attention. Looking up, startled and frightened, I beheld a savage, hideous looking Indian glaring in at me. It was Indian Jack, old Julia's husband.

Seeing my frightened look, he advanced still closer, put his swarthy face in at a window and, shaking his fist at me grunted out, "You no give me back my, Julia, me kill you pretty soon!"

I had him driven off at once, and as I watched him slowly making his way back to the rancherie on the river bank, half a mile to the rear of our house, and saw his threatening, angry gestures, I confess I was badly frightened. This feeling soon wore off, however, and as my husband was inclined to think it no more than a game of bluff, his visit was quite forgotten by the time luncheon was over.

That afternoon the table girls went out in the woods for ferns; the cook also was out, and as my husband was seldom about the house except at meals, I was for the time being alone. To while away the time I picked up a paper, and was just becoming interested in some article when I was startled by a loud frightened scream from my little boy, who was playing in the back yard. Springing up I ran to the window just in time to see Indian Jack snatch up my child in his arms and hasten away in the chaparral. A terrible, frightened thought instantly flashed through my mind. He was going to avenge the incarceration of his wife by taking the life of my poor, innocent boy!

There was no help at hand. If he was saved, I alone must save him, and with a desperate hope spurring me on, I bounded out of the door in frantic, determined pursuit!

Believing his movements had been unobserved, the Indian had not made a hurried flight as he might have done, and before half the distance to the rancherie had been traveled I was close behind him.

"Bring back my boy!" I cried in frantic tones. "Kill me if you will, but spare my child!"

An angry grunt was his only reply upon finding me in pursuit, and placing his hand over the baby's mouth to still his piteous cries, he quickened his pace so as to keep out of my way.

Still I ran on, begging in sobbing tones for my child, but if it had any effect at all upon the fiendish brute it was to encourage him in his horrid purpose, for now and then he would pause, look back with an exultant, devilish expression on his hideous face, and then swagger off again with a low gloating chuckle that pierced my heart like a dagger.

In this manner the race was kept up until his hut was reached, when he bounded inside, closed the door with a bang, and then locked it. In vain I pounded upon the door, begged, wept and pleaded; the brute was as immovable as a rock, and I could hear my poor baby pleading in plaintive, wailing accents for "mamma, mamma, mamma!"

The sound of my lamentations attracted the attention of a score of half-naked, sleepy looking Indians, who rushed pell mell from their cabins to learn the cause of the unusual commotion, and to them I renewed my pleading. "No sabe," was all that I could get out of them, and I returned to the door again, knowing that Jack could at least understand me.

He gave me no answer, however, contenting himself with holding an animated confab in his own dialect with his comrades on the outside. What they were talking about of course I could not tell; but I was not to be kept long in ignorance, for I was suddenly seized, dragged to an adjoining hut, and rudely thrust inside. With the sound of the key turning in the lock as I was made a prisoner, the feeble wail of my child ringing in my ears, I fainted—the intensity of my mental anguish was more than I could endure.

How long I lay thus I do not know, but when I awoke to consciousness all was silent. I listened, but I could not hear my child's plaintive cry in the adjoining hut. A horrible thought flashed into my mind. Had the demon Jack killed him?

My distracted mind had not yet found the answer when the sound of my door being unlocked was heard, and the next moment Jack entered my presence, locking the door after him. I rushed toward him, and frantically grasped his arm. "My boy! Where is he? What have you done with him?"

The Indian shook me rudely away. "Ugh!" grunted he. "Boy no good! Too much jah! jah! jah! all time—d——boy!"

I would not thus be put off, and still assailed him with my entreaties. He endured it with stolid indifference for several moments, and then, as if prompted by an uncontrollable impulse, took one hasty stride toward me and rudely clutched my arm. "You tell jail man let my Julia come back!" demanded he savagely.

I told him I would do all I could, but, that it was now beyond my power to effect her release.

"You tell him Injun lie!" cried he. "Jail man let her go, you tell him to!"

I again told him as I had before, that I was powerless to do as he asked.

The answer seemed to goad him on to greater fury; his grip tightened upon my arm; his dark eyes emitted a fiendish, wicked glitter, and, drawing from his belt a keen edged dirk, he leaned over me and hissed, "You lie, and Jack kill you!"

I saw the gleaming blade ascend and hang trembling above me, and then with a loud, piercing, despairing shriek I lost consciousness.

When I opened my eyes, I found my husband bending over me, and a group of familiar faces all around me, whom I at once recognized as the regular patrons of the hotel,

The flight of Indian Jack and my frantic pursuit had been observed by some men working in a slaughter house near the rancherie, and, fearing something was wrong, they had notified my husband, who, with several miners, had rushed to my relief. My baby boy was found fast asleep in Jack's cabin, which accounted for my not hearing him when I recovered from my swoon some time before.

As for Jack, after being mauled to the heart's content of the indignant miners, he was given notice to leave the community at once, which he did, making a bee line for the foothills lying beneath Mount Shasta.

The noble hearted miners and teamsters, not satisfied with ridding the neighborhood of Indian Jack, donated a larger and stronger bank to my boy, and showed no relaxation in their generosity until it was even heavier than the one old Julia stole.

As for myself—well, I am no longer a resident of that part of the state, and though I were to live a thousand years, I should never forget the horrors of that eventful day, or how nearly I became the victim of an Indian's wrath.

The Punster and the Fakir.

New York Graphic.

An old gentleman whose make up was suggestive of new mown hay and good crops, stepped up to a peddler who was hawking ten cent badges and asked:

"Friend, what's the difference between that shout of your'n and this here celebration?"

"What yer given us?" queried the hawker, looking at the countryman suspiciously.

"There's a difference," said the old man. "Can you guess it?,'

"Naw! Giv 'er up," said the peddler.

"One's a centennial and the other's a ten-cent-yell," shouted the old man, as he lost himself in the crowd.

Fish Law Revised.

There are several important provisions in the new law for the protection of shad and game fish which was signed by Governor Beaver. One section, the fifth, is of special interest to the occasional angler, and permits him to catch black bass, rock bass and Susquehanna salmon on Decoration Day, the close season being now between January 1 and May 30. The new law also gives wardens the right to destroy fish dams, baskets, etc., and authorizing them to arrest parties guilty of violation of the law on sight. Heretofore a warrant was necessary and many offenders thus escaped.

A PHILOSOPHER.

Quite an idea upon the plan and purpose of fishing came to light in Vienna last week, when a fellow went fishing down on Gum Creek. After selecting a nice, shady place and a comfortable seat, he threw his hook into the stream and drew from his pocket a newspaper and was soon lost in its columns. Directly his cork began to bobble, then a strong pull from the water caused the cork to go clear under the water. Deliberately laying his paper aside, he picked up his pole, and, as he began to wind up his line, remarked that a man couldn't fish in peace there and he was going home.—Macon (Ga.) *Telegraph.*

THE United States had her own way in the conference at Berlin, which would not have occurred had Bayard been at the helm of State at the present time.

GOFF, the Republican candidate, was elected Governor of West Virginia, but the people down there are quarreling about it. What queer creatures they are.

The Paris Figaro published not long since an account of a practical joke which, unlike most practical jokes, has the merit of being amusing.

GOV. FORAKER, of Ohio, will be nominated for a third term.

EDITOR EDWIN ARNOLD.

The Author of the "Light of Asia" as a Newspaper Man.

A New York newspaper man chanced to be placed next Sir Edwin Arnold at dinner recently and got into conversation with him. Naturally the talk touched on newspapers. Sir Edwin spoke with some pride of his many years' continuous labor in a daily newspaper office. The New Yorker observed that very few people either here or in America ever thought of Sir Edward Arnold as the editor of one of the most powerful newspapers on the globe—the Daily Telegraph—but every cultured man knew him and would remember him by his books, particularly the "Light of Asia."

"And yet," replied Sir Edwin, "the hardest work of my life has been done on a daily newspaper. I have written more than 8,000 editorials."

Sir Edwin Arnold is generally spoken of among newspaper people in London as the editor of the Telegraph, but he is in no sense the editor as we understand the term in America. The Telegraph office is the last place in the world to look for Sir Edwin, though his messenger comes nearly every day with copy and takes away letters addressed to him. He works at home and in his club. His friends say he is a model of systematic labor. He can always be depended upon for a certain amount of copy within a certain time. His articles are never signed under any circumstances, but the regular readers of the papers know them well enough. Twenty years ago, when Sir Edwin's poetic and very bombastic editorials were introduced as an innovation in British journalism, it was the fashion to laugh at them. But they have aided materially in making the circulation and the reputation of the paper with which Sir Edwin is identified, and they have raised him from the post of editorial writer to nominal editor-in-chief.—London Letter in New York *World.*

IRISH WIT.

The Irish are the most witty of all people, writes Edmund Kirke in the *North American Review*, and he tells two anecdotes to illustrate the quickness at repartee which characterizes even the unlettered among them. Go to your captain, and tell him you are the laziest rascal in the regiment, said a field officer to an Irish private.

Please, your honor, replied Pat, wud ye hev me go to the captain wid a lie in my mouth?

When James Harper was Mayor of New York, he required that applicants for position on the police should be able to read and write. Patrick Murphy, who could neither read nor write, was anxious to be on the "perlisse," and set himself to work accordingly.

When he could scrawl his own name in coarse hand, he presented himself before the Mayor, accompanied by several friends.

On making his application, he was told to write Patrick Murphy in a blank book. He wrote it, much to the surprise of his friends.

Howly Moses! exclaimed one, Mike, d'ye mind that? Pat's a-writing! He's got a pen in his fist!

That will do, said Mayor Harper. I'll make inquiry about you: Come again in a fortnight, and I'll see what can be done for you.

Please, yer honor, said one of Pat's amazed friends, ask him to write somebody else's name.

That is well thought of, answered Mr. Harper. Patrick, write my name

Me write yer honor's name exclaimed Pat, jumping out of the trap before it could spring. Me commit forgery, and I a-goin' on the perlisse! I can't do it, yer honor!

The Mayor, of course, saw through the ruse, but he loved a joke, and Patrick Murphy, in the course of time, exhibited himself to his admiring friends in the uniform of a policeman.

The Labor World.

The carpet trade is very brisk now.

Ohio has seventy-one glass factories.

Four new labor journals have been started.

There are 82,000,000 spindles in the world.

The bookbinders have organized a new union.

The metal workers will form a National union.

Connecticut is singularly free from strikes.

Mining operations are booming all through Colorado.

The strike of miners in Westphalia is spreading.

Several paper mills are to be built in Wisconsin.

The American Watch Company employes 3700 hands.

Wheeling, W. Va., has the worlds' largest nail plant.

Chicago gas-house hands work eight hours and make $2.50.

Many of the New York surface railroad strikers are still idle.

Louisiana Postmaster (who is assisted in his duties by his young bride): "Why, Mary, what are all those postal cards doing here?" They should have gone in the last mail." Young bride (who was a Massachusetts school-mistress): "Oh, I have just put them aside until I should have time to correct the spelling.

IN THE SCIENTIFIC WORLD.

When snow falls, the first portions invariably contain greater numbers of bacteria than the subsequent ones.

The manufactured coffee bean can readily be distinguished from the natural bean by the property of sinking when immersed in ether, as genuine coffee beans float on that liquid.

Archæological researches appear to show that the islands and the coast of Norway were well populated in prehistoric times, but that the cultivation of the soil did not begin until a late date.

English authorities have concluded that dynamic cooling, if not the sole cause of rain, is at all events, the only cause of any importance, all other causes being either inoperative or relatively insignificant.

The Watson gold medal for the most important discoveries in astronomy was given to Dr. Schonfeld, of Benn, for his researches concerning variable stars and for cataloguing stars brighter than the tenth magnitude.

The fact has lately been satisfactorily established that asphalt obtained from petroleum and bitumen contains, in addition to an oxidized organic coloring matter, a large percentage of inorganic constittents.

How John Chinaman Prays.

When John Chinaman goes to pray in his own orthodox style, and not "allee samee Melican man," he stands on a carpet in front of the high altar on which sits the life-sized, gorgeously dressed god, "Joss." In his hands he holds two pieces of wood, round on one side and flat on the other. After saying his prayers he drops these on the carpet, and according as they fall he knows whether or not the prayer is answered. If both sticks fall on their flat side the omen is very bad; if one falls on the flat, the other on its round side, his prayer is granted, if both fall on their round sides it is a sign of being partially granted. Another way of praying is by means of small strips of red paper, on which the prayer is printed, and then pinned to the wall near the door. If a Chinese woman wishes for a son she sends in her printed slip. If a Chinman wishes to send a horse or a house to some departed spirit, he cuts out an image of it on the slip. Fire is the means of communicating with heaven, so after awhile the priest burns all these paper prayers in a handsome bronze furnace, which stands outside the door, and thus they are supposed to go direct to heaven.—*Chicago Times.*

He Changed His Mind.

A passenger relates an occurrance that came under his observation recently on the Macon and Western Railroad. In one of the cars was a fierce looking countryman who was maudlin drunk and had an apple in his hand. When below Griffin a train hand aroused him, and after considerable difficulty found that he wanted to get off at Griffin. The trainman told him the train had passed Griffin, and asked to see his ticket. The man fumbled slowly about his pocket, as only a drunken man can, and finally, after failing to discover the ticket in all other pockets, began to feel in his hip pocket. As he did so the trainman saw the handle of a pistol protruding from his pocket, and supposing that the man was after the weapon, made haste to exclaim: "That's all right, sir; the ticket is good," and left him in a hurry, and then the drunken man wondered what changed the trainman's mind so suddenly.

Religion Made Her a Hermit.

Philadelphia Times.

A woman who claims York as her home, but who refuses to reveal her name, is creating a sensation in Upper Lancaster county by her hermit life in the woody retreats near Falmouth, where she occupies three caves in one of the wildest and least frequented spots in this section. She is supposed to be a religious fanatic, and hundreds of people have ventured into her forest home to examine her romantic habitation. Her cave is divided into three compartments. The first is 3 feet wide, 8 feet long and 6 feet high. In the rear of this is a second cave, 8 feet long, 8 feet wide and 7 feet high, in which she prepares her food gathered by foraging in the neighborhood. Back of this is a third cave 9 feet high, 5 feet wide and 10 feet long, in which is a rude bed of leaves and an old blanket to protect her from the cold.

PITTSBURG just held a May musical festival which proved a great event of excitement and rejoicing for the newspapers and people.

CURE YOURSELF.

Don't pay large doctor's bills. The best medical book published, 100 pages, elegant colored plates, will be sent you on receipt of three 2-cent stamps to pay postage. Address A P Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WIT AND HUMOR.

The tenor in a fashionable church choir found to his horror that his voice all at once became unpleasantly thick. He strained it but without any good effect.

A curious local name for a plant is "John-go-to-bed at-noon," applied in England to the yellow goat's beard, which opens at four and closes just before twelve o'clock.

Brown thinks his wife is the most ingenious woman in the world. He has been married ten years, and she has succeeded in putting his cuff buttons in in a new place every morning during that time.

"What does Mrs.—— wear so many puffs and things for?" asked a lady last week. "Why," was the reply, "she has indulged so much in fashion dissipation that she has the delirium trimmings."

Mrs. A: "Isn't that an awful smelling cigar that man's smoking?" Mrs. B: "Yes; I can bear the smell of it when I think how much worse it must be to smoke it. Poor man! He deserves our pity rather than our blame."

Cholly: "Ah, Tiedrich, I see you have my trousers ready. I am forever indebted to you." Tiedrich: "Foreffer indebted? Nein, mein friendt, does drousers dond go oudt mit dis store till dot bill vos settled, spot cash, right away, aindt it!"

Mistress—"Mary Ann, I told you to have the eggs soft-boiled. These are as hard as bullets." Alien Servitor—"Sure ma'am, they're ez soft ez I could get them. Oi kept on bilin' thim for nigh the whole mornin,' an' divil a bit softer would they git.'

Hotel Guest (to porter on bringing him his boots in the morning)—"Michael, how comes it that one of these boots is much larger than the other?" Michael—"I raly don't know, sir; but what bothers me most is that another pair down stairs is in the same fix."

"What's the matter with your sister, Mrs. Tortuous?" "There hain't no tellin'; only she's been travelin' an' ketched cold." "I heard some one say it was pulmonary difficulty." "Shouldn't be s'prised, I know she was ridin' in one o' them Pullmans, and they be powerful airy."

Sunday-school teacher: "Children, what lesson do we learn from this verse: 'Verily, I say unto you that a rich man shall hardly enter into the kingdom of Heaven?' Thoughtful boy: "We learn that it's going to be a good deal harder to get into Heaven than it is into the United States Senate.'

Dr. Ebbonie: "Dat chile o' yours am lookin' poo'ly, Mrs. Yallerby. What's he done gone and swallowed this time?' Mrs. Yallerby: "A bit ob lead pencil, Docto'." Dr. Ebbonie: "H'm! What he wants now, ma'm, am an erasive remedy. I recommend him ter chew a piece ob Injy-rubber half an hour before each meal."

An English gentleman was pigeon shooting in his grounds the other day with an Irish friend. He shot a pigeon very high up, and it came down with a plump at their feet. "Faith, that was a waste of powder and shot," said his Irish friend. "Why?" "Because, in faith, the fall alone would have killed the poor baste without any of the shooting."

A Momentary Lapse.—Mr. Hoolihan "We've all been earnest workers down our way, and drawn our checks regular for the party, and now we want a man of the same stripe." Postmaster-General (dreamily): "I can show you some sweet things in checks and stripes for parties, at the lowest—er—um—ah—yes, I'll see what I can do for you, Mr. Hoolihan."

Tailor: "I am in a regular pickle. I can't decide what to do." Friend; "Let me hear what your dilemma is." "You see, Baron Habenichts has given me an order for a suit of clothes. Now, I don't known, as he never pays his debts, whether I ought to charge him a big price or whether I should charge him as little as possible, so my loss will not amount to much."

He: "Will you marry me?" She; "Wait a minute." (Exit. Returning with a shotgun.) "Hold up your hands! Higher yet! I am sorry to say, Mr. Brown, that I can only be a sister to you. You must pardon my seeming rude conduct, but so many young women are getting killed nowadays by rejected suitors that I thought a little precaution would not be out of place."

Clara: "Oh, mother, we had such fun at the party! Young Smith proposed that he and I should go through a mock marriage ceremony—just in fun, you know and it was too funny for anything. Afterwards, some of the older people who heard of it said we're really married; but we're not, are we?" Doting Mother: "Of course not. Besides young Smith couldn't support a wife if he had one." "Oh, it wasn't that Smith. It was the other Smith, from Gold City, the one who owns a bonanza mine, you know." "Eh! that Smith! My dear, a marriage like that before witnesses is binding."

CARDINAL MANNING ON THE SUPPRESSION OF THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

At a great meeting held in Exeter Hall, London, July 17th, 1882, in support of Sir Wilifred Lawson's Permissive Prohibitory Measure in the House of Commons, Cardinal Manning said:

"I said, a commonwealth resting upon a demoralized people is a house resting upon the sand. We have not got to that yet, but the enormous capital that is yet put into activity for production and reproduction of intoxicating drink, and for its distribution, never slumbers, never sleeps, never goes back. If it goes on in the ratio and proportion of its past increase, every year will make the danger more formidable, and the demoralization—which at this time may be within measure and controllable—will become beyond control. (Hear, hear.)

"I do not desire to be a prophet. I am too true an Englishman to prophesy evil of the country I love—(cheers)—but this I know, that if men break the laws of God, as they do who are intoxicated with drink, and if those who could control these things look coldly on and do not control them, only evil can come of it. And people are crying out, "We can't cure it;" then I say let us do it. If you have not hands strong, enough we have. Give us the Vote. Give us the Veto. Leave it to us and you shall see. (Cheers.) If, on the other hand, we go on as we are going, then I have no doubt in saying that our great ports of Liverpool and London may one day be like Tyre and Sidon, and all the activity of our sleepless machines, and the flaming of our furnaces, and our subtle and perpetual industry, and the agriculture of our fields, and all the towering and expanding greatness of the British Empire resting upon an unsound foundation—the day will come when from its very magnitude it must fall, and great will be the fall of it." (Loud applause.)

The Voice of the Methodist Bishops.

"The liquor traffic is so pernicious in all its bearings, so inimical to the interest of honest trade, so repugnant to the moral sense, so injurious to the peace and order of society, so hurtful to the homes, to the Church, and to the body politic, and so utterly antagonistic to all that is precious in life, that the only proper attitude toward it for Christians is that of relentless hostility. It can never be legalized without sin. No temporary device for regulating it can become a substiute for Prohibition. License, high or low, is vicious in principle, and powerless as a remedy."—ADDRESS of the Board of Bishops before the Recent General Conference of the M. E. Church.

Fruits of the Traffic.

Robert G. Ingersoll, the infidel, who has never been called a religious enthusiast or a temperance fanatic, describes the article they make thus:

"Alcohol is the blood of the gambler, the inspiration of the burglar, the stimulus of the highwayman and the support of the midnight incendiary. It suggests the lie and countenances the liar, condones the thief, esteems the the blasphemer. It violates obligation, reverences fraud, turns love to hate, scorns virtue and innocence. It incites the father to butcher his helpless offspring, and the child to sharpen the patricidal axe. Alcohol burns up men, consumes women, destroys life, curses God and despises heaven. It suborns witnesses, nurses perfidy, defiles the jury box and stains the judicial ermine. It bribes voters, disqualifies vote, corrupts elections, pollutes our institutions, endangers the government, degrades the citizen, debases the legislator, dishonors the statesman and disarms the patriot. It brings shame, not honor; terror, not safety; despair, not hope; misery, not happiness, and, with the malevolence of a fiend, calmly surveys the frightful desolations, and, revelling in havoc, it poisons felicity, destroys peace and ruins morals, wipes out national honor, curses the world and laughs at the ruin it has wrought. It does that and more. It murders the soul, it is the sum of all villianies, the father of all crimes, the mother of all abominations, the devil's best friend and God's worst enemy."—

It is rather absurd to halt over the question of damage to men engaged in the whiskey business when the people decree its destruction as a measure of self-preservation for the vast majority.

A BIT OF HISTORY—The attractive 5-A advertisements which are appearing in our columns speak for the largest makers of horse blankets in the world, who sell more horse blankets, lap dusters, horse sheets, fly nets, etc., than all the other makers combined. This enormous business has been built up by following three business principles. By making strong, honest goods which wear and give satisfaction so you will ask for them again and recommend them to your friends. By sewing their 5-A trade mark on the inside of their horse clothing so you can tell the genuine from the poor imitations. Last but not least, by advertising liberally in the newspapers and letting everybody know that 5-A horse clothing for summer and winter use is strong and will give satisfaction. A house which makes a good article and does not advertise, hides its light under a bushel, but a liberal advertiser like our 5-A friends will find that the American people appreciate a good thing and will buy it when told where to get it.

WOMEN WHO DON'T WANT TO VOTE.

The Seattle *Leader* says:

The woman who has always been surrounded with plenty, whose every need and nearly every want has always been supplied by means aside from her own efforts, and who has never had occasion to sorrow over the moral downfall through legalized methods of some one in whom she has a deep personal interest, is not very likely to desire the ballot,—partly because of early teaching and the influence of her surroundings, but chiefly through pure indifference. Yet she has no more right to lend her voice and her influence and the use of her name to hinder any other woman from securing the elective franchise, who has felt the need of it and who does desire it, simply because she does not herself appreciate its value, than another person would have, had he the power, to deny her a coveted privilege to which she is justly entitled, because he never happened to wish for a similar pleasure himself.

A COLLEGE FOR CHEROKEE GIRLS.

The higher education of women is advancing everywhere. The Cherokee nation last week dedicated their new female seminary at Talequah with great rejoicings. The building is three stories high, contains more than one hundred rooms, a chapel and school halls and recitation rooms, is steam-heated and supplied with water-works of its own, and will have cost, when finished, $200,000. This money comes from the lease of their lands to the cattle companies. The Springfield REPUBLICAN says:

"The dedication procession took one hour to pass a given point, and included Freemasons, Odd Fellows, the school board and teachers, the children of the schools, the faculty and students of the national male seminary, and hundreds of people from all over the nation crowded the capital city, while all the buildings were decorated."

The Massachusetts Senate, on Thursday, May 16, after a spirited discussion, engrossed the bill granting woman suffrage on the license question by a vote of 16 to 12. No bill this session has met with such bitter and persistent opposition.

The Boy Who Became Pope.

In a little village in the Marsh of Acon there once lived a family of poor peasants. The parents had a son whose name was Felix. This boy was bright and intelligent, but as they were very poor, he was obliged to attend to a herd of swine.

Felix had been taught by his parents to be obliging and amiable in his deportment toward everyone; the other boys of the village, however, made fun of the swine-herd, and they were very rude and ill-mannered.

One day, as Felix was engaged in watching the pigs in the field, a barefooted monk came by. He had lost his way, and was in search of some one to show him the path through the wood. The weather was very bad, and so the other boys, with their usual rudeness, refused, saying, one after another, "I won't go."

Felix then came forward and respectfully bowing to the stranger, offered his services as guide.

The monk engaged in conversation with the boy on the way, and he was not long in discovering his intelligent mind, and took him to the monastery. Later, with the consent of his parents, he was admitted to the order.

Felix studied diligently, and he soon ranked among the most learned of the monks. But, notwithstanding this, he never became proud, but remained always humble, polite, and ready to do the bidding of all.

The result was that every one who knew him loved him, so that he rose from one post of honor to another until he became a Bishop, and at last a Cardinal. Finally, the chair of St. Peter becoming vacant he was unanimously elected Pope on the 24th of April, 1508, and under the name of Sixtus V. he reigned wisely and well.

The New Discovery-i

You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may yourself be one of the many who know from personal experience just how good a thing it is. If you have ever tried it, you are one of its staunch friends, because the wonderful thing about it is, that when once given a trial, Dr. King's New Discovery ever after holds a place in the house. If you have never used it and should be afflicted with a cough cold, or any Throat, Lung or Chest trouble, secure a bottle at once and give it a fair trial. It is guaranteed every time, or money refunded. Trial bottles free at W. C. Keplinger & Co's.

Base Ball Yesterday,

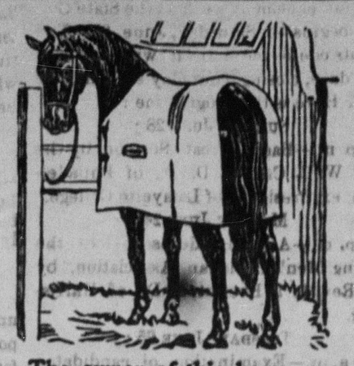
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 4, Cleveland 5.

At Washington—Washington 7, Pittsburg 9.

At Columbus—Columbus 0, Cincinnati 4.

At Boston—Boston 5, Indianapolis 3.

At New York—New York 9, Chicago 7.



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5/A Lap Dusters Glossy Woven. 100 Beautiful Patterns.

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FEMALE REGULATING PILLS.

They are Strengthening to the entire system, Important tone, vigor and magnetic force to all functions of body and mind. Sent by mail, securely sealed, $1. Address, Dr. Harter Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

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JOHN KLINE,

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S. D. RAY,

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PATRICK O'FARRELL,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

—and—

Solicitor of Patents, Pensions and Claims

Hdqrs. JOHN A RAWLINS' POST No. 1, Department of the Potomac G A R, Washington, D C, March 15, 1886.

Comrade O'FARRELL, Adjutant of this Post, is doing good work for our comrades in his profession and business as an attorney and claim agent. The Captain was a brave soldier during the late war. He is a good lawyer and an honest man. Comrades throughout the country, who place their business in his care, will be honestly dealt with. C G BOLLINGER, Commander

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How They Do It.

There are a good many apologists for the rum traffic, who are constanly claiming that Prohibition does not prohibit, and then say were it—"Just look at Kansas and Iowa—" The men generally are persons who know nothing about the conditions of affairs in those states, therefore, what they say has little weight. In the late contest in New Hampshire and Massachusetts, on the the question of the prohibitory amendment, these apologists had their argument strengthened by a W. P. Tomlinson, from Topeka, Kansas, who asserted that dives and joints flourished there, and that the iniquities of secret selling was added to the lesser evils of the open traffic. When he returned to his home, the District Attorney supeonaed him to testify, under oath, as to the truth of his statement. As to the result we copy from the "State Capital," published at Topeka, Kansas:

"County Attorney Welch secured some interesting and valuable testimony yesterday from W. P. Tomlinson, editor of the *Democrat*, regarding the the joints that have been alleged by Mr. Tomlinson to be located in Topeka and its immediate vicinity.

Under the law the county attorney is authorized and instructed to take testimony under oath of all persons who are known or alleged to contain information of the infraction of the prohibitory law.

It came to the ears of Mr. Welch that in his addresses in New Hampshire and Massachusetts Mr. Tomlinson had frequently, in describing the alleged failure of the prohibitory law, spoken of Topeka as infested and overrun with "jointists" and "bootleggers" who plied their illicit trade to such an extent that there was no difficulty in securing liquor, and drunkenness, if not as general as it was before the law was passed, was by no means uncommon in the capital city of Kansas. Mr. Tomlinson's description of Topeka with its innumerable "joints" in full blast had been given a wide publicity in the East and it comprised so much of the substance of his arguments in the Massachusetts campaign, that Mr. Welch was naturally anxious to take Mr. Tomlinson's sworn testimony as aid to a more complete enforcement of the law. So far as our police and officials are aware the "joints" had been pretty effectually cleaned out and their proprietors prosecuted to the extent of the law. The city has frequently been scoured by the police in the effort to wipe out any remaining traces of illicit traffic in liquer, but with the exception of two places which were discovered about a week ago, their efforts were fruitless. In fact it may as well be acknowledged that the people, as well as the police, of Topeka were convinced that the law is enforced as nearly to perfection as it is possible to enforce any law against which the passions or appetite of a great number of men are arrayed.

Yesterday Mr. Welch filed in the office of the clerk of the district court a sworn statement from Mr. Tomlinson, a certified copy of which the Capital obtained and publishes below:

MR. TOMLINSON'S TESTIMONY.

STATE OF KANSAS, } ss.
COUNTY OF SHAWNEE. }

W. P. Tomlinson of lawful age, being first duly sworn to tell the truth and whole truth, and true answers make to questions put to him by the county attorney of Shawnee county, concerning any violation of the prohibitory liquor laws in said county and state, during the two years last past, in answer to questions put to him says:

Q—State your name, age and residence?

A—William P. Tomlinson, 56; Topeka' Kansas.

Q—Do you know of the existence of an open saloon in Shawnee county, at the present time?

A—I do not.

Q—Do you know of any open saloon in Shawnee county, within the last two years?

A—No I do not.

Q—Do you know of any secret place in Shawnee county, where liquor can be bought by the drink?

A—I do not.

Q—Do you know of any secret place where intoxicating liquors can be bought by the quantity, from half a pint upwards, in Shawnee county?

A—I do not.

Q—Do you know of any drug store where intoxicating liquors are sold contrary to law?

A—Of my own personal knowledge I do not. I wish to say that being a practical temperance man and a teetotaler from principle, I have never been a patron or frequenter of drinking places in this or any other city and therefore I do not know of any violations of the prohibitory law in Topeka.

WM. B. TOMLINSON.

SHAWNEE COUNTY, STATE OF KANSAS, ss.

I, R. B. Welch, county attorney of Shawnee county, Kansas, hereby certify that W. P. Tomlinson personally appeared before me, at my office No. 116 west Sixth street, in the city of Topeka, in said county and state, at 7:30 p. m., May 9, 1889, in obedience to a subpœna duly issued by me May 8, 1889, and that I administered the oath prescribed by law and propounded questions to him which said questions with his answers thereto were written down by me in his presence as above set forth, and that after said questions and his answers thereto were so written, he the said W. P. Tomlinson read said questions and answers over and affixed his signature thereto.

Witness my hand this 10th day of May, 1889, at my office in the city of Topeka, in said county and state.

R. B. WELCH,

County attorney Shawnee county, Kan.

I, W. E. Sterne, clerk of the district court within and for the county of Shawnee and State of Kansas, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the answers of Wm. P. Tomlinson, before R. B. Welch, county attorney of Shawnee county, Kansas, in the above investigation, as the same appears on file in my office.

Witness my hand and the seal of said [SEAL.] court hereunto affixed at my office in the city of Topeka, this 11th day of May, A. D. 1889.

W. E. STERNE, Clerk.

By E. M. COCKRELL, Deputy.

In speaking upon this subject editorially, the Capital says:—

"There is no use in mincing matters with a man who willfully and deliberately slanders and maligns the city in which he lives. The CAPITAL in its issues of April 11, 12 and 13 branded W. P. Tomlinson as a liar, when he was going from town to town in Massachusetts declaring, with an uplifted hand, that the prohibitory law was openly and notoriously violated in the towns and cities of Kansas, and that "saloons, joints and dives flourished in great numbers and without molestation from the officials and courts." Every reader of the CAPITAL in Kansas knew he was a liar, and this morning we prove him as such by his own words.

Below we quote a paragraph from one of Tomlinson's interviews with the Boston *Globe* concerning the enforcement of the prohibitory law in Topeka beside his evidence given before County Attorney Welch, who summoned him to tell about these "drinking places" in Topeka which he knew so much about. The following parallel columns we believe will be interesting reading on this bright May morning:

TOMLINSON IN MASSCHUSETTS UNDER PAY OF THE WHISKEY PARTY.—

"The liquor cases have completely choked up the courts. We have been obliged to establish the grand jury. Within the last thirty days Topeka has been obliged to establish the metropolitan police system to enforce the liquor law, and still it is not enforced. Dives and joints flourish, and all the evils of secret selling are added to the lesser evils of the open traffic."

TOMLINSON AT HIS OWN HOME UNDER OATH BEFORE THE COUNTY ATTORNEY.

County Attorney Welch—Do you know of the existence of an open saloon in Shawnee county at the present time?

W. P. Tomlinson—I do not.

County Attorney Welch—Do you know of any open saloon in Shawnee county within the past two years?

W. P. Tomlinson—No, I do not.

County Attorney Welch—Do you know of any secret place in Shawnee county where liquor can be bought by the drink?

W. P. Tomlinson—I do not.

County Attorney Welch—Do you know any secret place where intoxicating liquors can be bought by the quantity from a half pint upwards in Shawnee county?

W. P. Tomlinson—I do not.

County Attorney Welch—Do you know of any drug store where intoxicating liquors are sold contrary to law?

W. P. Tomlinson—Of my own personal knowledge I do not.

What must be said of a man who will thus deliberately slander his city and the people with whom he lives for the sake and only purpose of aiding the damnable liquor traffic.

It will be in order now for this man to go to Pennsylvania in the interest of the brewers and saloon keepers with the above record staring him in the face."—

Notes on Temperance Work.

The sixth annual convention of the W. C. T. U., held at Millheim on Wednesday, was a great success. About fifty delegates were present from all parts of the county. They were met at the train at Coburn and most delightfully and hospitably entertained at the homes provided in Millheim and Aaronsburg.

The W. C. T. U. of Millheim deserve special mention for the work they have accomplished and the evident change in public sentiment. Their efforts and the untiring zeal and earnestness of the pastors of both Millheim and Aaronsburg are going to bring forth good results on June 18th. Reports of delegates from over the county show faithful work in many of the departments, and those relating to the prohibitory amendment sentiment in their localities are most encouraging. We expect Centre county to roll up a good majority in its favor, but let us remember that every vote gained will offset one not gained in the cities, and we must work with that end in view.

A grand temperance mass meeting for young people will be held on Sabbath afternoon, of which due notice will be given.

EDITOR'S TABLE

THE PRACTICAL RESULTS.

Two men, one a total abstainer, another a drinker, each spend a $100 in two months. The first pays his $100 for furniture and the other for liquor. The first receives actual value and his home shows the result of his purchase. The second loses his money, receives in return that which makes him a brute and a loafer. Out of the $100 spent for furniture enough goes to employ 12 men for one day at $2 each. Out of the $100 spent for liquor, enough goes to labor to hire one man for one day. Suppose all the saloons were closed. The $85,000,000 now expended for liquor in Pennsylvania would be spent for furniture, boots and shoes, carpets, hardware, etc. The money would employ twelve men where but one is employed now. The twelve men would spend for other necessities twelve times as much as the other man. Taxation would immediately commence to be reduced, for crime and pauperism would decrease.

A LUCKY CONSUL.

We copy the following from the SALT LAKE DESERET NEWS.—"Daly is Consul at Tahiti, Society Islands. He has fallen in love with Princess Polona of Tahiti. The formal betrothal has taken place and the approaching nuptials are the all absorbing topic in social circles in the islands. The Princess is a beautiful and accomplished lady, about 18 years of age and a perfect blonde. She is the daughter of Lord and Lady Marcy, her mother being a native Tahitan princess and her father an English nobleman of distinguished ancestry. She has had all the advantages of an education in France, Germany and England. She is the possessor of immense wealth in her own right and receives a large annuity from France under treaty stipulations. As may naturally be supposed, the princess has

NOT LACKED SUITORS

for her fair hand, all of whom, including the Earl of Dudley, she has persistently refused. Lord Darcy was himself anxious to have his daughter marry a member of English pee rage, but gracefully yielded to the wishes of his lovely and only child to accept as his son-in-law a sovereign American. Consul Daly is only twenty-two years of age and has worked his own way to position and fame. As a boy he was a page in the United States Senate. He comes from a good family. His father, now deceased, was a prominent citizen of Brooklyn. Mrs. Daly was granddaughter of Lord Melbourne, and her English progenitors were relatives of Charles Lamb, the McPhersons, Wallaces and other families of note in Great Britian."

Oliver Johnson, the last of the coterie of anti-slavery agitators, who founded, with William Lloyd Garrison, the first anti-slavery society, has written for the June number of THE COSMOPOLITAN an article upon "Anti-Slavery Societies," which is the most interesting chapter thus far contributed to the anti-slavery articles, entitled "The Great Agitation," now appearing in that magazine. Oliver Johnson's portrait is one of a number of engravings illustrating the article.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, in its June number, pays a graceful compliment to the men who, in recent years, have born a large share in sustaining the reputation of its pages for artistic excellence. It publishes an essay by Henry James reviewing the work in black and white of F. D. Millet, Edwin A. Abbey, Alfred Parsons, George H. Boughton, Geo. du Maurier, and C. S. Reinhart. Accompanying the article are portraits of these artists and several views of Broadway, the old English village "in a hollow of the green hills in Worcestershire" where Mr. Abbey and Mr. Parsons have made their home.

Lawrence Hutton makes a beginning in what has hitherto been lacking—a history of negro minstrelsy in America. In his second paper upon "Social Life in Russia" the Viscomte Eugene Melchior de Vogue follows the summer flight of the Russian seigneurs from St Petersburg to their great estates in the interior. C. H. Farnham is the author of a richly illustrated paper upon "Montreal" and the famous War correspondent, Dr. Wm. Howard Russell, of an account of "An Incident in the Irish Rebellion," and many other illustrations and articles of interest to everybody. This is one of the finest magazines of the day, as is every other publication that comes from HARPER & BROTHERS. Their address is Franklin Square, New York.

A famous honey-producing region is Addison county, Vermont. Basswood trees and white clover abound, and numerous farmers engage in beekeeping. The fine comb-honey of Addison county has a well-deserved reputation. It is stated in an article in the *American Agriculturist* for June that specialists who make honey production their principal business have been successful in securing from ten to twenty tons of choice honey in a single season. The article entitled "Improved Methods in Honey Production" gives a thoroughly complete and very interesting account of the processes of honey-producing with the most improved conveniences. It is illustrated by engravings giving views of a New England apiary at different seasons of the year.

The Agriculturist for June has also many fine illustrations and excellent articles for farmers and others. It is one of the best agricultural magazines in this or any other country. Their Address is 751 Broadway, New York.

—Banker B. K. Jamison, of Philadelphia, was wedded in London on Thursday of last week to Miss Jean Willard, second daughter of Charles Duane Willard, of Washington. D. C. The wedding was a great event for London.

Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, Minn., sent a contribution of $25.00 to the cause of the Amendment which was received by Chairman Palmer yesterday. The Archbishop has been a pronounced prohibitionist for many years.

When you are troubled with dizziness, your appetite all gone, and you feel bad generally, take a few doses of Dr Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters and you will be surprised at the improvement in your feelings. Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction. Sold by F P Green.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, May 22, 1889.

Red Wheat, per bushel	90
Mixed Wheat, per bushel	85
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	45
Corn (shelled)	45
Corn (ears)	40
Oats	27
Barley	45
Clover seed, fair to good	$5.00
do prime and extra prime	5.50
do choice	6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	6.50
Flour, wholesale	5.00
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$13.00
Nova Scotia Plaster	$9.50

Provision Markets.

[Corrected weekly by A C Meyer & Bro]

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	13
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10—12½
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	15
Cheese, per pound	13
Country Hams, per pound	12½
Hams, sugar cured	14
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12
Country Bacon	10
Lard, leaf, per pound	12½
Lard, country, per pound	10
Eggs, per dozen	12½
Potatoes, per bushel	25
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Hide, per pound	10
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½
Lemons, per dozen	20
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Roller Flour, per sack	$1 40
Apples, per bushel	$100

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.,

A Weekly Political and Family Journa

CIRCULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - *Editor and Proprietor*
WILLIAM TORREY, - - *Corresponding Editor*

REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a line for each insertion.
Annual and Six Months' Contracts at Special Rates

THE CASE OF LADY SANDHURST.

An appeal was taken from the decision in Lady Sandhurst's case, that women were ineligible to serve on County Councils in England. The Court of Appeals has unanimously confirmed the decision against the eligibility of women. The judges decide that the act expressly enfranchising women as electors has the effect, in the absence of any further statement, of disqualifying them as candidates. A telegram to the Boston *Evening Post* says:

"This is another instance of a legal dictum to the effect that words in acts of Parliament implying man include women when disability or punishment is concerned, but exclude women when a privilege is conferred. "He" means "she" when the question is one of going to jail, but "he" means only "he" when it is a question of going to the ballot-box."

Parliament will now be called upon to pass a bill making women eligible

---

MRS. W. R. GAMBLE, wife of the deputy sheriff at Akron, O., lately prevented the escape of all the prisoners in the county jail. They had succeeded in unlocking the heavy corridor door, and were preparing to batter down the guard-door, composed of light iron bars. Mrs. Gamble, the only grown person in the front part of the jail, seized a revolver, and cried: "The first that touches this door is a dead man." She held them at bay until the arrival of the sheriff, whom Mrs. Gamble's daughter had summoned by telephone.

MRS. MEAD, of California, prefers plowing to housework, so last fall she hired a girl to do indoors work, while she herself took charge of a four-horse plough. She and her husband between them put in 290 acres of wheat, and they are mutually delighted with the experiment.

One of the professors at Cornell, Dr. S. B. Newbury, of the Chemistry Department, has got into trouble because he has allowed his hostility to co-education to lead him into discourtesy and injustice to the college girls. He has refused several young women admission to the organic laboratory, though they were as well prepared as the young men. One of the girls, a special student in chemistry, has gone to another college to continue her studies, and the students are very indignant. Prof. Newbury is so unpopular that he has several times been hissed in his class-room, a thing almost unheard of of at Cornell before. So say the papers. If the facts are as reported, the professor ought to be dismissed.

MRS. L. B. KELLOG, of Emporium, Kansas, whose appointment as her husband's assistant in the attorney general's office has been so widely noted by the papers, bears her honors very modestly. In a recent interview, she said: "Don't write me down as assistant attorney general; there is no such office. I am only chief clerk and confidential adviser, and I have been the latter for years." Mrs. Kellogg was admitted to the bar eight years ago, and has recently been elected president of the Kansas Social Science Club, which will meet in Wichita in November.

A Woman's Club has been started in Brisbane, Australia.

The Sioux Falls constitution, which has been adopted by a large majority by the voters of South Dakota, gives school suffrage to women, and provides that an amendment granting women full suffrage shall be submitted to a vote of the men at the next election.

QUEEN MARGHERITA of Italy has succeeded in re-establishing the Burano lace. This industry had almost died out. The queen found an old woman who knew the stitch, and had her teach a number of young women. The result is that Burano lace has again become a source of large revenue to the people of Burano.

MADAME KERCHBAUMER, M. D., of Salzburg, lately lectured in Vienna on medicine as a profession for women. The assembly-room of the Industrial Union was filled to overflowing by an audience of at least a thousand persons, two-thirds of whom were ladies, whilst doctors and medical students lined the walls and filled every corner.

We have the June number of Scribner's Magazine. This is the sixth No., of the 5th volume of this most excellent magazine. There are few that equal it for excellence, and none that excel. The present number, contains as much of interest as any that have preceded it, beautiful pictures, most valuable and chaste reading, history, fiction and art. Among the articles to us of particular interest we may mention "Slavery in Africa" Castle Life in the Middle Ages," (beautifully illustrated) "Emergency Men" and many others that we have not space to mention. Terms single copy 25 cents; $3.00 yer year. Charles Scribner Sons, 743—745 Broadway, New York.

Brooms.

In the colonial times, and the earlier days of the Repnblic, our people made brooms for domestic use, of hemlock boughs and other primitive devices. Later, however, brooms are made of broom corn, which are sold so cheap that the simple article of our ancesters has been entirely supplanted by that better article made from this species of grass, cultivated in North America for the manufacture of brooms and whisks, which are made of the tops of the culms, and branches of the panicle. It is regarded as a mere variety of the same species, of which the shaloo or sugar grass, (sugar cane and duerra) is an other variety. It has been much longer cultivated in North America, however, than the sugar yielding variety. Its introduction is ascribed to Dr. Franklin, who, seeing an inported whisk in the possession of a lady, of Philadelphia, found a single seed in it and planted it. It is said to have been brought from the East Indies. It is now extensively cultivated in all parts of the United States, and especially by some branches of a religious society called Shakers.

The manufacture of brooms is annually becoming of greater importance, much capital being invested in it. The corn, when growing, has a beautiful appearance, especially when near maturity, and often attains a height of 12 to 15 feet. The stocks are long and hard, cattle will feed on them bofore they are touched by frost, and they are very fond of the leaves. The seed is used like Indian corn, for feeding poultry and some times for feeding cattle and horses.

The usual practice of harvesting broom corn, is to bend the stock about three feet from the ground, and leave them a few days to dry, and to cut them from six to eight inches from the panicle, laying the tops in heaps to be conveyed to the scraper, which is often run by horse power, and which removes the seed from them. By larger manufacturers, improved machinery is used which produces them with great rapidity.

As long ago as 1860, ten thousand acres of this corn was cultivated in the State of New York, nine thousand in Illinois, six thousand in Ohio, and about an equal amount in all the other States of the Union, or thirty thousand acres in all, and the value of the product all the time was one million, five hundred and ninety thousand dollars. Since that time the value and acreage have more than doubled. Great numbers of brooms and whisks of this material are exported to Europe.

The brooms of this material, at present being sold by the Eureka Grocery Co., are manufactured in our own state of Pennsylvania. We have them of various qualities, and prices to agree with the quality. Call and see our goods. You will find it to your advantage, whether you want a broom or anything else in the grocery line.

Eureka Grocery Co.,
High St., next door to Post-Office,
Bellefonte, Pa.

MRS. HOWE'S BIRTHDAY.

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe reached her seventieth birthday May 27, and the New England Women's Club, the Woman Suffrage Association, and several other clubs and societies, celebrated the event.

Mrs. Howe is widely known by her literary work, by her interest in woman suffrage, in women's clubs, in the Association for the Advancement of Women, and in other public objects. She has always been a student. For many years she studied Greek and German philosophy. She began the study of Greek at forty-eight years of age, and reads Herodotus, Xenophon, Plato, Æschylus and Aristophanes. She early acquired French and Italian, and at sixteen began the study of German. As an author we are all familiar with her "Passion Flowers," "Words for the Home," "Later Lyrics," "A Trip to Cuba," and "Battle Hymn of the Republic." She has written many essays and magazine articles.

Mrs. Howe was one of the founders of the New England Women's Club, and for eighteen years has been its president. She was one of the original members of the Woman's Congress. She has been for nineteen years a member and officer of the American Woman Suffrage Association, was once its president, and is now its corresponding secretary. She is also a member and officer of the New England and Massachusetts Woman Suffrage Associations.

Mrs. Howe is well known to the public, and honored wherever known. But she will be longest remembered with love and reverence for her courageous espousal and advocacy of the cause of equal rights for women, when it was unpopular, and especially so among the literary and fashionable circle with whom her lot was cast.

LUCY STONE.

The friends of the Amendment in Massachusetts, since their defeat, have held a meeting to lay plans for the future. Two courses of action were agreed on: First, to enforce rigidly all existing laws restraining the liquor traffic; and, second, to make special efforts to secure municipal suffrage for women. This last result was an inevitable result of the defeat of the Amendment. The women of Massachusetts, as of other States, are overwhelmingly in favor of prohibition. Thev are not fettered by partisan ties, or controlled by the politicians. This is the one question in politics on which they are intensely interested. They have been laboring in season and out of season, for two years, for the overthrow of the liquor traffic. They feel, and thousands of voters feel, that their judgment and wishes have not received the consideration to which they were entitled, and and the demand for woman suffrage, at least on questions which most nearly effect the home, will be pressed now more strongly than ever.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

Decoration Exercises.

Decoration Day continues to become a more important event as time moves onward. The longer time that lapses since the war, the warmer becomes our love for those who perished in the conflict. The idea of Decoration Day is more beautiful and inspiring than that of any other celebration of that character. Of course, the event which the Fourth of July commemorates must always be first in importance, but the noise and jollification which mark the celebration of that day are not equal in the sentiments they inspire to the decoration with flowers, the music, the prayers, the addresses of Decoration Day. There is a softer, more aesthetic, impressive interest in Decoration Day exercises than those of Independence day. It combines so largely the religious element in its exercises and is based on a fact that so deeply touches our hearts that it is kept, in a measure, sacredly.

—The Clan-ne-gael society, which is now in the killing business, has ordered the destruction of all dogs which intrude upon the flower bed of the Pennsylvania railroad station here. This is commendatory in the Clan-na-gaels. Tuesday night they began their fell work of destruction by killing a dog which approached in the sacred precincts. It was a cute little "yaller" dog with white nose, breast and tail. But it suffered the punishment which its adventurous and destructive nature visited upon it. By this means the numerous owners of canines may be saved the 50 cents and $1 tax which the recent legislature and the Governor have imposed upon the owners of dogs. The member of this Clan-na-gael society who is appointed to kill the dogs never fails to accomplish his purpose and as a dead dog is not worth much the owners of valuable live dogs should give them special instruction not to go too near the flower bed.

—The delivering of all plants from Zeigler's green house will be suspended till Monday morning next, as he will attend a conference in Elk county.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Sold by F. Potts Green Druggist, Bellefonte. 21-1-6m

---

A young man in society should not attempt to be too swell. He might burst.—New Orleans Picayune.

The yachting men, like the dry goods dealer, will soon be announcing their "opening sail."—Boston Bulletin

"What is at the bottom of this great rise in bread?" asked Benson of Maginly. "I don't know, unless it is yeast," replied the latter.

"Is this battery charged?" asked a young man, touching an electrical apparatus in one of the down town stores. "No, sir; we do a strictly cash business here."

"Mary, do you think the men can get that piano through the front door?" inquired Mr. Schrguham of his wife. "Yes dear, she replied, your son just came in that way with his new spring trousers on. It's all right I guess."

The entertainment of the Pennsylvania troops at the New York Centennial cost the committee $9,000, and still there is a surplus. How much the committe decline to say. Such a thing is so rare that the public ought to know all about it.

It has been pretty well established that Bishop had a way of dying at will, and died from the surgeon's knife from failing to make the fact sufficiently known. Dozens of times it seems he took a rest for hours and days together a kind of diversion so unusual that he probably fell a victim to it. His case is a loud warning to persons who have the trance habit to adopt means for saving themselves from the whims of doctors and others who should happen to just incline to treat them as dead.

The End of School at State College

Commencement week at the State College begins on Saturday, June 23. The events connected with it will continue five days, closing Thursday evening, the 27th. Here is the programme:

SUNDAY, JUNE 23;

3 p. m.—Baccalaureate Sermon, by the Rev. W. C. Cattell, D. D., of Philadelphia, ex-President of Lafayette College.

MONDAY JUNE 24;

8 p. m.—Annual Address before the Young Men's Christian Association, by the Rev. T. T. Everett, D. D., of Harrisburg.

TUESDAY, JUNE 25;

10 a. m.—Examination of candidates for admission to College;
3 p. m.—Senior Class Day Exercises;
8. p. m.—Junior Oratorical Contest;
9.30 to 11 p. m.—Reception by Washington Society.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26;

9.30 a. m.—Artillery Salute;
10 a. m.—Annual Meeting of Trustees:
12 m.—Alumni Dinner;
2 p. m.—Meeting (in the Chapel) of Delegates and Alumni to elect Trustees;
3. p. m.—Exhibition Drill of State College Cadets;
8. p. m.—Annual Address before the Alumni, by Selim H. Peabody, LL.D., President of Illinois State University.

THURSDAY, JUNE 27;

9.30 a. m.—Graduation Exercises of the class of '89;
Commencement Address, by the Hon. Henry K. Boyer, of Philadelphia.
8. p. m.—President's Reception.

Strictly Business.

What is the Swift Specific Company? Who compose the organization? Is it a clap-trap patent medicine humbug, gotten up to deceive and make money out of the people? These questions we think are answered by the officials and citizens of our city and State.

ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 10, 1888.

We know the gentlemen composing the Swift Specific Company. They are prominent citizens of our State, men of means and of high character and standing.

W. A. HEMPHILL, Pres. Capital City Bank
J. H. PORTER, Pres. Merchants Bank.
PAUL ROMARE, V. P. Atlanta Nat. Bank.
L. J. HILL, Pres. Gate City Nat. Bank.
JNO. B. GORDON, Governor of Georgia.
A. H. COLQUITT, U. S. Senator.
J. T. COOPER, Mayor of Atlanta.
H. W GRADY, Ed. Atlanta Constitution.

The Best in the World.

I think Swifts Specific is the best blood remedy in the world. I have known it to make some wonderful cures of patients who were considered incurable.

D. M. GRAYSON, Crowville, La,

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free.

The SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. James Milliken one of the "Sureties."

We clip the following from the New York *Herald* of Saturday:

The bonds of the United States Express Company, of which ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt is president, and which was designated as the carrier of government money soon after the inauguration of President Harrison, were received from Washington yesterday by Deputy Collector Messer. They are for $1,000,000, and the sureties in $200,000 each are Messrs. William C. Sheldon, Herman O. Armeur, James Milliken, Samuel Thomas and Calvin S. Brice.

How's This?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F J Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O., We, the undersigned, have known F J Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
E. H. Van Hoesen, Cashier, Toledo, National Bank, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

—Our well known Knight of Labor friend, Mr. A. B. Steele, has been confined to his house with illness for a week or more. It was caused by an accident of which he was the victim while he was working at Martha Furnace a week or more ago. Britain and his brothers had been doing mason work there and it was almost all finished on Saturday night. Mr. Steele remained until Monday to finish the work. He had not intended to assist in raising the timbers of the building, but being near when the second timber was raised he helped in the work. It fell, striking him on the head, knocking him down, cutting his lip and bruising him generally. He has been confined to the house ever since, from which we hope he will soon be able to emerge thoroughly restored to health.

How the Paint Swindle is Worked.

A new swindle now being worked upon the farming community is a compound used for painting roofs. The farmer is induced to take a few gallons of the stuff free of charge, if he will become an agent for its sale, or purchase a certain amount for himself. The contract order is printed on postal cards and looks straight enough on cursory examination. A critical analysis of the instrument, however shows that the dealers are at liberty to send any amount that suits them, or any contract or order, probably proportional to the victim's wealth, and that they can enforce payment by its provisions, or at least cause great trouble and expense to the dupe who signs it.

—A very courageous act occurred on the railroad below Paddy's Run, in Clinton county, last Friday afternoon. Samuel Allen was jumping from one car to another when he missed his step and fell between the cars, being caught by the connecting link so that his head hung down, but did not touch the ties. Chas. Unkle, a boy of only fifteen years, saw his dangerous position and though the train was moving rapidly he clambered on the cars and held up the man's head until the train had run a half mile further to near North Bend. One of Allen's arms was crushed and he was otherwise hurt. His condition is very precarious, though he may get well, and if he survives he owes his life to Chas. Unkle.

—The Republicans of Blair county held their convention in Tyrone on Tuesday, nominating the following ticket: District Attorney, Martin Bell, Jr.; Register and Recorder, J L Plummer; County Treasurer, Martin Graffius; Director of Poor, Michael Poet; Delegates to State Convention, Edward Hale and T M Johnson. The convention declarin favor of Hon. H K Boyer, of Philadelphia, for State Treasurer.

Meeting of Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Centre Building and Loan Association will be held in the office of George L. Potter, Friday, June 14th, at 7:30 p. m.

GEORGE L. POTTER,
Secretary.

21-22-2t.

Timothy Sullivan, of Chicago, on Tuesday took the last drink out of a barrel of whiskey and died. A microscopic examination revealed bits of charcoal and various other particles.

Everything which belongs to pure, healthy blood is imparted by Hood's Sarsaparilla. A trial will convince you of its merit.

To make an intelligent test of this, try the following method: Hang a strip of leather in a bottle of Acme Blacking, and leave it there for a day or a month. Take it out and hang it up to dry and examine its condition carefully. We recommend ladies to make a similar test with French Dressing, and gentlemen with any liquid solution of Paste Blacking, or with liquid blacking that comes in stone jugs.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

Makes any kind of leather

WATERPROOF, SOFT, AND DURABLE.

Its beautiful, rich, GLOSSY POLISH is unequaled. *Saves labor and annoyance.*

A Polish Lasts a Month for Women, and A Week for Men, and on Harness Leather even Four Months without renovating.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

Sold by Shoe Stores, Grocers, and dealers generally.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, May 29, 1889.

Red Wheat, per bushel	90
Mixed Wheat, per bushel	85
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	45
Corn (shelled)	45
Corn (ears)	40
Oats	27
Barley	45
Cloverseed, fair to good	$5.00
do prime and extra prime	5.50
do choice	6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5.20
Flour, wholesale	5.0
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$13.00
Nova Scotia Plaster	$9.00

)o(

Provision Markets.

(Corrected weekly by A C Meyer & Bro)

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	15
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10—12½
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	12
Cheese, per pound	18
Country Hams, per pound	12½
Hams, sugar cured	14
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12
Country Bacon	10
Lard, leaf, per pound	12½
Lard, country, per pound	10
Eggs, per dozen	12
Potatoes, per bushel	25
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	98
Country Side, per pound	10
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½
Canned Sweet Corn, per pound	30
Lima Sweet Corn, per pound	15
Apple Butter, per gallon	60
Buckwheat Flour, per sack	$1 40
Apples, per bushel	$100

Important to Railroad Men

A. E. Smith has been for forty-nine years road master on the Boston and Maine system, and is now residing at Great Falls, N. H. He says trackmen, brakemen, firemen, engineers and conductors, as well as baggage masters and expressmen, are subject to kidney disease above all others. All, therefore, will be interested in the statement of his experience. "I have used Brown's Sarsaparilla for kidney and liver troubles, and can truly say it has done more for me than all the doctors I ever employed, and I have had occasion to require the services of the best physicians in the State. My wife also has been greatly benefited by its use.

A E SMITH.
Road Master B & M R R."

The kidneys have been labored hard all winter, as the pores of the skin have been closed, but now the springtime has come, and they need some aid. May be you have that pain across the back; that tired feeling; those drawing down pains, if so you can get immediate relief by following the example of Mr. Smith and his wife and use that never-failing and grand corrector for the kidneys, liver and blood,

BROWN'S Sarsaparilla.

Not genuine unless made by Ara Warren & Co. Bangor, Me. 21 14 4t

Disarming an Unseen Foe.

"This is sometimes a paradox," as Hamlet says. Since however, the people of America and other lands have been enabled to pit Hostetters Stomach Bitters against that unseen foe, malaria, it is no longer a paradox, but an easy possibility. Whenever malaria evolves its misty venom to poison the air, and decaying unwholesome vegetation impregnates the water, there, in the very stronghold of miasma, is the auxiliary potent to disarm the foe and assure efficient protection. Fever and ague, bilious remittent, dumb ague and ague cake, no matter how tenaciously they have fastened their clutch on the system, are first forced to relax their grasp and eventually to abandon it altogether. But it is its preventive force that should chiefly recommend the Bitters to persons dwelling in malaria cursed localities, for it is a certain buckler of defense against which the enemy is powerless. Cures, likewise, dyspepsia, rheumatism, kidney and bilious ailments.

The latest treatment recommended for diphtheria comes from Konigsberg, East Prussia, where Dr. Arthur Hening has had very successful results from the use of lime water and ice bags.

A shaving match took place in the first week of this month between two prominent English barbers for £25 a side. The winner shaved his 12 men in 3 minutes 40 seconds, and then shaved two blindfolded in 2 minutes 10 seconds.

THE TWO VILLAGES.

BY ROSE TERRY COOKE.

Over the river, on the hill,
Lieth a village white and still;
All around it the forest trees
Shiver and whisper in the breeze;
Over it sailing shadows go
Of soaring hawk and screaming crow;
And mountain grasses, low and sweet,
Grow in in the middle of every street.

Over the river, under the hill,
Another village lieth still.
There I see in the cloudy night
Twinkling stars of household light;
Fires that gleam from the smithy's door,
Mists that curl on the river shore;
And in the roads no grasses grow,
For the wheels that hasten to and fro.

In that village on the hill
Never is sound of smithy or mill;
The houses are thatched with grass and flowers;
Never a clock to tell the hours,
The marble doors are always shut,
You cannot enter in hall or hut;
All the villagers lie asleep;
Never a grain to row or reap;
Never in dreams to moan or sigh;
Silent and idle and low they lie.

In that village under the hill,
When the night is starry and still,
Many a weary soul in prayer
Looks to the other village there,
And weeping and sighing, longs to go
Up to that home from this below;
Longs to sleep in the forest wild,
Whither have vanished wife and child,
And beareth, praying, this answer full:
"Patience! that village shall hold ye all!"

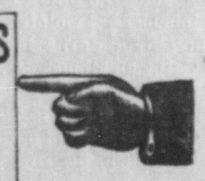
ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans,* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-st., N.Y.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

STOCK QUOTATIONS,

Reported up to 12 o'clock, by

DE HAVEN & TOWNSEND,
BANKERS,
42S Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Stocks Bought and Sold and carried on favorable terms

PHILADELPHIA, May 25, 1889.

	Bid	Asked
U S 4½'s, coupon	107¾	¾
" 4's "	129¾	¾
Pennsylvania R R	53	¾
Philadelphia & Reading R R	23¾	¾
Lehigh Valley R R	53¾	¾
Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co	52¾	¾
Western N Y & Penn	11¾	¾
New Jersey Central	100¾	¾
Northern Pacific Com	28¾	¾
" Preferred	64	¾
Oregon Transcontinental	30¾	¾
Union Pacific	61¾	¾
Western Union	87¾	¾
Richmond Terminal	26¾	¾
Louisville & Nashville	68	¾
Pacific Mail	46¼	¾
Delaware & Western	142¾	143
New York & New England	40¾	¾

An Administration Lady.

Emily S. Bouton has been writing in the Toledo *Blade* of the wives of Presidents and others who presided over the White House. Knowing that everything relating to Mrs. Harriet Lane Johnson is of interest in this community where she is so well known—she having visited here last summer and being related to the family of Mrs. Lane—we will quote the following in reference to this brilliant lady who was the leading social attraction during President Johnson's administration.

She was then Miss Harriet Lane. Of her own selection she became one of her uncle's (James Buchanan) household, when upon the death of her father and mother she was left an orphan, yet a child, and with a large fortune. Many homes were offered to her, but her uncle's imposing presence, his charming talk and winning manners had made so strong an impression upon her youthful imagination that she chose to go with him, he receiving her gladly at Wheatlands.

Harriet Lane had a frank nature, scorning deceit and abounding in noble impulses. She was full of exuberant spirits, always in mischief, indulging in wild pranks that called down upon her reproof from her uncle, but simple and affectionate withal, and ready to repair any wrong she might unwillingly commit. She grew up with the same traits of character that made her so winning and lovable as a child united to the beauty and grace of an accomplished womanhood. The spirit that prompted the young girl with no thought of self to trundle along a wheelbarrow of wood to old black aunt Tabitha, because it was cold, has always remained strong within her, through the vicissitudes of her life.

Miss Lane received the best educational advantages which the times afforded, becoming a fine musician and a proficent in other accomplishments. She returned to her uncle well fitted to preside over his elegant home, beautiful, womanly, graceful and elegant in manner, and a pleasing address that won the good will of all strangers.

The position of Mr. Buchanan as one of the leading statesmen of the country drew to Wheatland the most distinguished people of the time, to whom she was always the delightful hostess. Her uncle never had reason to be other than proud of her bearing. When he was sent to represent the United States at the Court of St. James a man whose illustrious name was well known there, she accompanied him thither, and was accorded the position which a wife would have occupied at his side. Her beauty, combined with her graceful and dignified bearing, made her a favorite at the English Court, and won the personal regard of the Queen. Few indeed are the young girls who could fill so difficult a place with such rare grace as did this one.

Later when she came to the White House as its mistress, the same qualities which gave her success at the English Court, enabled her to lead the social life with tact and delicacy. Weighed down with sorrow from the loss of a dear sister and brother, the first year was more quiet than those which followed. It was then one of the gayest of all the administrations. There was a constant stream of distinguished visitors at the White House, including the Prince of Wales and his party, and never once did Miss Lane fail, no matter how trying the occasion, in winning the admiration of those who came into his presence.

Two or three years after her White House life ended, she became the wife of Henry Elliot Johnson, of Baltimore, whither she went to live, and which is now her home.

Lancaster County.

The journals of Lancaster county, in this State, are indulging in the exhibition of justifiable pride over the fact that only two other counties in the State—Allegheny and Philadelphia—excel the county in land valuations, and that her land valuation exceeds by $2,000,000 the total valuation of the following twenty-three counties combined: Carbon, Cameron, Clarion, Elk, Forest, Fulton, Jefferson, Juniata, McKean, Mifflin, Monroe, Montour, Pike, Potter, Snyder, Somerset, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Tioga, Union, Warren, Wayne and Wyoming. Lancaster county's real estate is valued at $82,203,628, an apparent depreciation of $2,000,000 since the last assessment, but this is largely explained by the more accurate estimates of the assessors. Lancaster is an old county. In some parts of it the English language is little spoken. It is a great county; in fact is unequaled in cer tain respects.

Painful Accident.

Mr. George T. Bush met with a painful accident on Saturday night. He with his mother was attending to some details in connection with the Arcade property, quite late in the evening. He was just removing a ladder and in doing so stepped on a rusty tenpenny nail. The nail went through the sole of his shoe and directly through the fleshy part of his foot. It was extracted and every part of the nail removed.

Literary Notes From the Century Co.

Those who have read of the blood hound only in sensational stories of the days of American slavery will learn the real traits of that little urknown animal with surprise, in reading an illustrated article on the dog in the June Century. The article is written by the chief expert on the subject in England, the gentleman whose bloodhounds were used by the detectives in some recent famous murder cases in London.

A Sermon to the Soldiers.

The members of Gregg Post were at the Methodist church on Sunday morning. They wore their neat blue uniforms and white gloves. There were not many of them—about thirty-five. They occupied the front pews on either side of the centre aisle.

Three young gentlemen—Messrs. Barnhart, Whippo and Shuey—sang a very beautiful piece of music in opening. They sang it well and it was particularly appropriate to the occasion. Miss Kline was at the organ and during the succeeding selections these three young gentlemen, with the addition of Miss Maggie Rodgers, composed the choir.

Rev. W A Houck, was the preacher and he delivered a most profound, patriotic and soul-stirring sermon. "For he loveth our Nation"—St. Luke 7:5—was the text. In it the preacher distinguished mere sham love of country from that which is real, lasting and beneficial. It is to love a nation because of its ideas of government and its institutions as distinguished from a mere affection for it because it is our government. We love it for its qualities which are excellent and necessary. The sermon recognized the right of a people to rebel against improper government. On this question of our government the speaker is an optimist. He sees no serious cause for apprehension of what the future may bring forth. He believes the spirit of true patriotism will ever remain in the ascendant.

It was a sermon which produced a profound impression and after it was over, Comrade James H Rankin, as commander of the Post, thanked the speaker and asked on behalf of the post that the discourse be repeated on Decoration Day either in the cemetery or in the Court House as may be deemed best. Rev. Mr. Houck consented to do so.

Under the Surface.

The world is not to be reformed or elevated into holiness, it has to be converted.

Be humble, and you are sure to be thankful—be thankful, and you are sure to be happy.

The light of friendship is the light of phosphorous—seen plainest when all around is dark.

It is not by attending to our friends in our way, but in theirs, that we can really avail them.

Don't mistake a downcast eye for modesty; downcast eyes are often on the lookout sideways.

Woman, remember that you are married to a man and not to a god; be prepared for imperfections.

Once in a while let your husband have the last word; it will gratify him and be no particular loss to you.

Fools and sensible men are equally innocuous. It is in the half-fool and the half-wise that the danger lies.

No occasion is small or unworthy of our best powers which concern God, immortality, and the souls of men.

She Showed Good Sense.

The Young Married Boarder—I really believe that Mrs. Smith thinks more of that dog of hers than she does of her poor little baby.

The Old Bachelor Boarder—Well, I don't blame her a bit. He's a nice, quiet kind of a dog.—*Terre Haute Express.*

Less than 500 of Chicago's 45,000 female workers are organized.

A wide spread strike is expected among workmen in Germany.

The French jewelers are crowding the market with new goods.

Nebraska barbers must shave colored men says the Supreme Court.

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla 100 Doses One Dollar

The Chief Reason for the great success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is found in the article itself. It is merit that wins, and the fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla actually accomplishes what is claimed for it, is what has given to this medicine a popularity and sale greater than that of any other sarsaparilla or blood purifier before the public.

Merit Wins

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum and all Humors, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Biliousness, overcomes That Tired Feeling, creates an Appetite, strengthens the Nerves, builds up the Whole System.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

THE MODERN PIANO.

A Condensed History of the Evolution of the Popular Instrument.

The piano, as we see it to-day, is the growth of centuries of invention. In its infancy it was a harp with two or three strings. From time to time more strings were added, and after a while the cithara was born. The cithara was in the shape of the letter P, and had ten strings.

It took many centuries for musicians to get the idea of stretching the strings across an open box, but somewhere about the year 1200 this was thought of, and the dulcimer made its appearance, the strings being struck with hammers.

For another hundred years these hammers were held in the hand of the player, and then a genius invented a keyboard, which being struck by the fingers, moved the hammers.

This instrument was called a clavinytherium, or keyed cithara. This underwent some modifications and improvements from time to time. In Queen Elizabeth's time it was called a virginal. Then it was called a spine, with spines or quills, which struck or caught the strings of wires and produced the sound. From 1700 to 1800 it was much enlarged and improved and called a harpsichord, and it was the instrument that Lady Washington, Mrs. Hamilton and the fine ladies of our revolutionary times played on.

In 1710, Bartolomeo Cristofoli, an Italian, invented a key or keyboard, such as we have now substantially, which caused the hammers to strike the wires from above, and thus developed the piano.

In the past 150 years there is no musical instrument which has so completely absorbed the inventive faculty of man as the piano. The reason is obvious, it is the household instrument par excellence.—*Toledo Blade.*

A SAD MISTAKE,

Yet Not So Unnatural After All,

From the Alabama Express.

The English language presents many pitfalls to the unsuspecting foreigner, but I never thought that "kiss" and "keys" were liable to be confounded. Such, however, was recently the case in this city, relates the Washington *Capital*, and a young secretary of legation or attache was the victim. He prided himself upon his newly acquired knowledge of Anglo-Saxon, and especially upon his pronunciation. Recently he had occasion to change his boarding house, and was gratified to find his new landlady young, pretty and agreeable. Upon returning to the house after an early morning stroll he found the chambermaid had locked his doors, and encountering the hostess alone in the hall, he surprised her with the usual request: "Please give me kees." Her incipient blushes were soon changed into frowns at such unwonted temerity, but when the request was repeated with great earnestness, and finally supplemented by the demand, "I must have two kees," she fled to the dining room and sought the protection of her husband, who was reading the morning paper. An international imbroglio was happily averted, however, and peace restored to the distracted household by the now exasperated foreigner writing upon the margin of his host's journal: "I ask for two keys to my room. What for you act like two fools?"

SMART INFANTS.

A youngster who saw a steamer for the first time exclaimed: "Look! There's a railway enjine having a bath!" A locomotive has been called a professional place-hunter and an underlined article. A school-girl defined a bustle as a "hollow mockery;" and a boy described a lawsuit as the things a policeman wears. A little girl was heard to say to her favorite doll: "You know, dollie, if first you cry and then you smile, a rainbow will come on your face." Children often have a happy knack of making apt illustrations. A boy on being asked to describe a kitten, said: "A kitten is remarkable for rushing like mad at nothing whatever, and stopping before it gets there." The children at a Sunday school being asked among other questions, what bearing false witness against one's neighbor meant, a pert little girl replied: "It is when nobody hain't done nothing and sombody goes and tells."

A Wife's Reasonable Wish:

The Epoch.]

Husband—Don't worry, my dear, if I get home a trifle late occasionally, now that I've joined the Athletic Club. I used to be a great athlete when I was a boy, you know, and it seems like renewing my youth to go through with the old exercise again.

Wife—No, John, I won't, but when you get home at 2 A. M., as you did this morning, please don't renew your youth by standing on your head in the front porch, nor climbing through the transom, because it's apt to excite remark, you know—that's all, dear.

—The select school now being conducted by Prof. Cephas Gramley at Rebersburg, is very popular and successful. It is said that the Professor is a prominent candidate for the county superintendency. He would make an excellent one. Of course, it would be much to the interest of education in Centre county for Prof. Wolf to be a candidate another term, but if he has decided to retire by all means let's have Prof. Gramley.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.

ECONOMY, as wise folks say,
Is wealth pronounced another way,
So while "hard times" the people cry,
The Toilet Soaps they should not buy.
Let all who buy such Soaps take care
To weigh the cake exact and fair,
And find they pay in figures round
A dollar, more or less per pound.

What course should people then pursue?
In short, the only thing to do,
Though rich in bonds, or worldly poor,
The "IVORY SOAP" they should procure,
Which may be bought from coast to coast,
At sixteen cents per pound at most,
And does more satisfaction grant
Than all the Toilet Soaps extant.

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

Copyright 1886, by Procter & Gamble.

The Sightliest Place in the World.

Prof. Whitney says from the summit of Mt. Hamilton, in California, more of the earth's surface can be seen than any other spot on the globe, though it is only about 4,500 feet high. The view extends around it in every direction, and the snow-capped range of the lofty Sierras can be plainly seen 200 miles away against the northern sky. To the south, nearly as far away, the San Bernardino range limits the view and between the two lies room for all the Eastern states, with their rivers, lakes, mountains and sea coast.—*Worcester Spy.*

Rival to the Rothschilds.

Devoted Lover—Ruby, my darling, will you marry me?

Ruby—Yes, Robert.

Devoted Lover—Now that I have thee, Ruby mine, I am more rich than Croesus.—*Jeweler's Weekly.*

"Miss Brook," said he, "are you fond of chestnuts?" "Yes," she answered. And then he fell on his knees and told her the "old, old story."

Tubbs—"I flatter myself that honesty is printed on my face." Grubbs—"Well—er—yes, perhaps—with some allowance for typographical errors."—*Burlington Free Press.*

"Do you read advertisements?" Well, about three times a week we are led into reading a thrilling account of something by an eye witness that tails off into a cake of soap or a bottle of bitters.—*Burdette.*

A Western lecturer has at last discovered a way of being "warmly received." He keeps the hall so cold that the people in the audience are obliged to stamp their feet to keep them from freezing.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

Mrs. Van Rensselaer, the well-known art critic, has written a careful study of the career and art of Corot, the modern painter, about whose work there has perhaps been more discussion, and difference of opinion than any other. This article will appear in the June Century. The illustrations have been a long time in preparation and are all engraved from the originals by Elbridge Kingsley.

Editors complain because everybody is always telling them how to run their newspapers, but why should they? They are all telling everybody how to run everything else.—*Journal of Education.*

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE GREAT German Remedy.

TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Bilious Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

Do you suffer with that tired and all gone feeling; if so, use SULPHUR BITTERS; it will cure you.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and workshops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS; it never fails to cure.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Blotches, and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS, and health will follow.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, and your flesh hard.

Try SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well and feel better for it.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy, free.

Websand Files.

A PROHIPITION SONG FOR THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT CAMPAIGN IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Whiskey spiders, great and greedy,
Weave their webs from sea to sea;
They grow fat and men grow needy;
Shall our robbers, rulers be?

"Sweep the webs away!" the nation
In its wrath and wisdom cries;
Say the fools with hesitation:
"No; but educate the flies!"

We do both. Twin wings, who sunders?
Let the schools fill out their sphere;
Let the church sound seven thunders—
But the whole webs must disappear.

Up! The webs are full of slaughter;
Sweep away the spider's lair.
Up! wife, husband, son and daughter,
Make the vexed earth clean and fair!

—Joseph Cook, in the "Christian Statesman."

HORSE AILMENTS.

Neponset, Ill., May 20, 1888.
My mare caught cold; result: swelled limbs; lump between fore-legs and inflammation. Cured her with St. Jacobs Oil.
L. O. GARDNER.

Winsboro, Tex., June 20, 1888.
My horse was hurt on hind leg; suffered 20 months; was cured by St. Jacobs Oil; cure has remained permanent. W. J. CLINE.

JOS. CAIRN SIMPSON, Esq., Sec. Pacific Coast Blood-Horse Association, says: "Being familiar with the remarkable efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil, I cheerfully and heartily indorse this valuable specific for painful ailments."

Hon. ODEN BOWIE, Ex-Governor of Maryland, Jockey Club, Prest. City Pass. Railway Co., says: "In my family and my stables I have used St. Jacobs Oil with satisfactory results, and believe it the best remedy for the painful ailments of man and beast."

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters, testamentary upon the estate of Isaac Gray, deceased, late of Patton town hip, Centre county, Penna., having been granted by the Register to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate, will present them, duly authenticated, to

SAMUEL T. GRAY,
SARAH L. GRAY
Executors.

Buffalo Run, Centre county, Penna.

21—20—6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the Rev. Wm. H. H. Snyder, late of Bellefonte Borough, deceased, having been granted by the Register of Centre County, to the undersigned, he requests all persons indebted to deceased to make immediate payment and those having claims against him to present the same duly authenticated for settlement.

D. S. KELLER, Administrator.
21 19 6t P. O. address, Bellefonte, Pa.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.—GOD SAVE the Commonwealth. I, Robert Cooke, Jr., High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 1889,

for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification or rejection of two separate amendments to the constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The *first* of said amendments being as follows:

AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as Article XIX, as follows:

ARTICLE XIX.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor, to be used as a beverage, is hereby prohibited, and any violation of this prohibition shall be a misdemeanor, punishable as shall be provided by law.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor for other purposes than as a beverage may be allowed in such manner only as may be prescribed by law. The General Assembly shall, at the first session succeeding the adoption of this article of the Constitution, enact laws with adequate penalties for its enforcement.

The second thereof being as follows:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out from section one, fifth article eight, the four qualifications for voters which reads as follows:

"If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election," so that the section which reads as follows:

"Every male citizen, twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year, (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election," shall be amended, so as to read as follows:

Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at the polling place of the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere.

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least thirty days.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year [or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months] immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least thirty days immediately preceding the election. The legislature, at the session thereof next after the adoption of this section, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws to properly enforce this provision.

Fourth. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for thirty days and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, except at municipal elections, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elected by the people: *Provided*, That in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district, and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvas of their votes in the election district in which they respectively reside.

Fifth. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained or lost a residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service of the United States or the State, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or of the high seas, nor while a student of any college or seminary of learning, nor while kept at any almshouse or public institution, except the inmates of any home for disabled and indigent soldiers and sailors, who, for the purpose of voting, shall be deemed to reside in the election district where said home is located. Laws shall be made for ascertaining, by proper proofs, the citizens who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage hereby established."

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places for holding the aforesaid election in the several boroughs and townships within the county of Centre are as follows, to wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct,) at the public school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines (western precinct,) at the public house of T G Edmunds, Aaronsburg.

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Gregg [north precinct,) at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg [south precinct) at the dwelling house owned by J S Fisher, at Penn Hall.

For the borough of Centre Hall, at the public school house in said borough.

For the township of Potter (northern precinct,) at the public house of D J Meyer, in Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter (south precinct,) at the house owned by J B Fisher, of Penn Hall, and occupied by Frank Hosterman.

For the township of College, at the school house in Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson (old precinct,) at the school house in Pine Grove.

For the township of Ferguson (new precinct) at the old school house at Baileyville.

For the township of Harris at the school house in Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton at the house of Peter Murray.

For the North ward of the borough of Bellefonte at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the South ward of the borough of Bellefonte at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the West ward of the borough of Bellefonte at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Benner at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Spring at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the township of Howard at the school house in the borough of Howard.

For the borough of Howard at the public school house in said borough.

For the township of Rush (northern precinct) at the school house at Cold Stream.

For the township of Rush (southern precinct) in the public school house in the village of Powelton

For the township of Snow Shoe (eastern precinct) at the school house in the village of Snow Shoe.

For the township of Snow Shoe (western precinct) at the school house in the village of Moshannon.

For the township of Marion at the school house in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs (eastern precinct) at Curtin's school house.

For the township of Boggs (western precinct) at the school house in Central City.

For the township of Boggs (northern precinct) at the public school house known as "Walker's School House."

For the township of Huston at the Silver Dale school house.

For the township of Penn at the public house kept by R V Shaffer, at Coburn.

For the borough of Millheim at the school house opposite the Evangelical church in said borough.

For the township of Liberty at the school house in Eagleville.

For the township of Worth at the school house in Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside at the house of J K Boak.

For the township of Curtin at the school house near Robert Mann's.

For the township of Union at the school house in the borough of Unionville.

For the borough of Unionville at the new school house in said borough.

For the First ward of the borough of Philipsburg at Wheelman's Club House, at corner of Beaver and Second streets.

For the Second ward of the borough of Philipsburg at the Public Building, at the corner of North Centre and Presqueisle streets.

For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg at the store of William Hess, at the corner of Spruce and Ninth streets.

NOTICE is hereby given, "That every person excepting justices of the peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of the State or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or clerk of an election of this Commonwealth; and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

At all elections held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m., and closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

And it shall be the duty of the judges, inspectors and clerks of each of said townships, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts to receive at the said election separate tickets either written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, from each of the qualified voters of this State who may offer the same, and to deposit them in a box or boxes to be for the purpose provided by the proper officers, which tickets shall be printed separately, one labled on the outside "prohibitory amendment, to the constitution," and on the inside "for the prohibitory amendment," or "against the prohibitory amendment;" the other labled on the outside "suffrage amendment to the Constitution," and on the inside "for the suffrage amendment," or "against the suffrage amendment."

Given under my hand and seal at my office in Bellefonte, this 6th day of May, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-nine and in the One Hundred and Thirteenth year of the Independence of the United States.

ROBERT COOK, Jr.
Sheriff of Centre County.

DEATH OF HARRY S. HALE.

A Young Man of Much Promise who had Filled Many Responsible Positions.

Friday at 6 o'clock a. m. the spirit of Harry S. Hale took its flight. The mere announcement that Harry Hale is dead will cause sorrow to many people in this vicinity and also throughout the State, for he was very widely known.

Harry Hale was the son of Dr. E W Hale of this place. He was born thirty-six years ago in Lewistown, Pa. His early youth and young manhood were spent in Bellefonte and in many of the important movements made in this community the deceased was a conspicuous figure. He was a young man of the highest promise and most abundantly favored by nature and disposition. He grew into a handsome man—six feet in height, splendidly proportioned, with a frank, open countenance and graceful carriage. When arrayed in his military uniform, there was not a more striking or attractive figure in the National Guard of this state. Added to this was a kindly, genial and winning disposition and real nobility of character. No wonder that he attracted the admiration and affection of those whom he met and who knew him best.

During at least ten years past he has been a member of the Masonic Fraternity and was a member of both the Commandery and the Chapter. He took much pride in his Masonic relations and took an active and prominent part in all the affairs connected with that ancient and honorable organization in this place.

His military relations were perhaps the most conspicuous of any. He was one of the signers to the application to form a military company in this place in 1880, and was elected second lieutenant of Company B on its organization in June of that year. In 1884 he was appointed Adjutant of the Fifth regiment, N. G. of Pa. In 1887 he was elected Lieutenant-Colonel of the regiment, which position he held with great acceptability until last month, when his failing health unfitted him for its duties and he resigned, the position still being vacant.

He was the nominee of the Republican party for Chief Burgess in 1886 and was elected over strong opposition. He filled the office creditably and was re-elected for another term.

The better we became acquainted with Harry Hale the better we liked him. Often we met him in our relations as reporter and we never had any experience with one who was more obliging and courteous; more cheerful and genial, and in every way attractive. We know he was brave; that was illustrated by the positive and decided stand he took during the political disturbance in this place while he was Burgess. He personally interfered to quell the serious disturbance which at one time seemed imminent.

Harry was able to be with his friends through the town until a very few days ago. Since then his decline has been very rapid and his death came much sooner than was expected by any one: His immediate relations are plunged into the deepest grief, and we unite with all in tendering them earnest sympathy.

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge, Munday Esq., County Atty. Clay Co. Texas, says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with Malaria! Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. I Wilcoxson of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony, saying: He positively believes he would have died had it not been for Electric Bitters.

This great remedy will ward off as well as cure all Malarial Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequaled. Price 50c, and $1 at W. C. Keplinger & Co's store.

—The Pennsylvania railroad has introduced an innovation from which excellent results are anticipated. It is an attachment of hose with steam pump which can be at once brought into requisition in case of fire. This will be especially valuable in winter when the car stoves are supposed to be doing their best to burn cars and passengers. In the numerous tests already made the apparatus had power enough to throw a stream of water over the tallest building. The hose will be carried on the tender, and the crew will be trained in its use.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper W. A. Noyes, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

3 od 26t

—By the drunken act of a drunken man Policeman Paul, of Renovo, who is described as a very superior officer and a noble man, was killed. His widow is left in a peculiarly destitute and desolate condition. She has a little child to support, but no source of income outside her own individual efforts. All the members of her own family are dead, she being the last surviving member of it. What a lesson at this time! Can there be a man with a heart that feels for his fellowman who will vote to continue the business that caused it?

The Cider Question.

From the Huntingdon Local News.

The undersigned, president judge of the Forty-ninth judicial district of Pennsylvania, and members of the bar of Centre and Huntingdon counties, hereby certify that the proposed amendment to the constitution would not prohibit or restrict the making or manufacture of cider.

Cider is not an intoxicating liquor when new, and the amendment is intended only to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor. The manufacturing of cider is simply the pressing of the juice from the apple, and it is no more intoxicating than would be the apple itself. If the cider is converted into vinegar, it can be sold as freely as any other article—the amendment does not prohibit it. If the cider is allowed to ferment, or if it is "doctored" so that it becomes intoxicating liquor, then it could not be sold for use as a beverage. The law of Pennsylvania has been this way for many years, and the adoption of the amendment would not change it. Under the amendment the farmer could make and sell cider the same as he does under the present laws.

A O FURST, President Judge.

John H Orvis,	Wm C Heinle,
J L Spangler,	Wm F Reber,
D S Keller,	H A McKee,
J W Gephart,	S D Ray,
W F Reeder,	John M Dale,
Chas P Hewes,	Wm Dorris,
H H Harshberger,	Jno M Bailey,
E R Chambers,	Sam'l T Brown,
James T Hamill,	K A Lovell,
A Williams,	R K Foster,
W E Gray,	Wm P Orbison,
J C Meyer,	W H Woods,
Clement Dale,	Geo B Orlady,
A A Dale,	H H Waite,
J C Harper,	John D Dorris,
C M Bower,	John W Mattern,
Ellis L Orvis,	L H Beers,
John B Linn,	W J Forbes,
D F Fortney,	Theo H Crewer,
Jas H Rankin,	James S Woods,
Jno G Love,	H C Madden,
E M Blanchard,	Charles G Brown,
John Blanchard,	W McK Williamson,
John Kline,	Howard E Butz,
Wm J Singer,	H B Dunn,
J M Keichline,	Jere B Rex,
R M Magee,	J F Schock,
H Y Stitzer,	P M Lytle,
	J R Simpson.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. C. Keplinger & Co.

What a Chorus It Will Make.

A project is under way to have the 63,100,000 people of the United States join in singing the "Star Spangled Banner" at a fixed hour on the Fourth of July next. The idea is to have President Harrison visit Philadelphia on that date, and, when the signal to begin singing is given by him, to have the wires flash the news over all the country, so that the singing will be going on all at once.

That is indeed a great idea and will be carried out faithfully and to the letter in Bellefonte. Ed. Rankin will wave a flag out the Union Telegraph window at the hour when word arrives and Col. Wilkinson will take up the refrain. As soon as the sound of the Colonel's voice mounts up High street the Bellefonte quartette, being stationed in the Diamond, will take it up; then Mr. Wm. Jones and John Wagner will go to the different parts of the town and call on the people to sing. If President Harrison don't distinguish Bellefonte's part in the music away in Philadelphia, then the President has no ear for music.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-Bone, Stifles, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, Etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. Potts Green, Druggist Bellefonte.

21-1-1y

Observations and Speculations.

A warm summer.

Snow balls are a lovely flower.

Nights are now moonless.

Don't get frightened; there are no such things as ghosts.

Prohibition is growing.

Ice cream is as tempting as ever.

Plenty of summer schools in progress, beginning next week.

Fishermen report good luck.

Don't get tired of the flowers on ladies' hats. The style is a pretty one.

All the business places must close during the parade on Decoration Day.

In other places business men find that it pays to have a big celebration of the Fourth of July. Why is it different in Bellefonte?

Col. Wilkinson don't sell either Eureka coffee or tea.

Strawberries are becoming more numerous.

—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellow at York elected the following officers: Grand Master, Rev. David Craft, of Pittsburg; Deputy Grand Master, Charles D Freeman of Philadelphia; Warden, W E Marsh, of Corry; Secretary, James B Nicholson, of Philadelphia; Treasurer, M Richard Muckle, of Philadelphia; Chaplain, Rev. J J McIlvyer, of Allegheny; Marshal, W Witherup, of Philadelphia; Conductor, P A Shaver, of McKeesport; Guardian, Charles L Kenyon, of Sylvania; Herald, L F Bailey, of Philadelphia.

Centre County Pomona.

The meeting of Pomona Grange, No. 13, of this county, will be held in the hall of Washington Grange, Ferguson township, June 6, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m. Address of welcome by J. T. McCormick, of Washington Grange. Response, I. S. Frain. "What benefits do we receive by being a member of Pomona?" by Jas. F. Weaver. Let every subordinate grange in the county send delegates to this meeting. Business of importance will be transacted. All fourth degree members in the county are invited to attend. The fifth degree will be conferred if desired.

I. S. Frain, Master,
Jas. C. Gilliland, Secretary.

The Wind is Favorable.

A gentleman riding on the train between Williamsport and Lock Haven last Saturday took a straw vote, to discover the tendency of the wind on the Prohibitory Amendment question.

In the gentleman's car every occupant was a vote and numbered 27 in all. They expressed themselves 18 for the amendment, 8 against and 1 would not vote.

In the other car there were 31 people, five of whom were ladies. Nineteen voted for the Amendment, eight against and four would not vote. Thus of 58 persons, 37 were favorable to it, 16 against, and 5 indifferent, and what pleases us most is that the proportion in the gentlemens car was even greater than in the ladie's car.

—If the pensioners of this government do not receive their pension money promptly during the next six months the fault can be attributed to a Democratic House of Representative which refused to appropriate sufficient to pay them.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for their approval or rejection at a special election to be held June 18, 1889. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth:

SECTION I. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment is proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the Eighteenth Article thereof:

AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as Article XIX, as follows:

ARTICLE XIX.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor, to be used as a beverage, is hereby prohibited, and any violation of this prohibition shall be a misdemeanor, punishable as shall be provided by law.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor for other purposes than as a beverage may be allowed in such manner only as may be prescribed by law. The General Assembly shall, at the first session succeeding the adoption of this article of the Constitution, enact laws with adequate penalties for its enforcement.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

CHARLES W. STONE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for their approval or rejection at a special election to be held June 18, 1889. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolutions proposing an amendment to the constitution of the commonwealth:

SECTION 1. *Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met* That the following is proposed as an amendment to the constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

AMENDMENT.

Strike out from section one, of article eight, the four qualifications for voters which reads as follows:

"If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election," so that the section which reads as follows:

"Every male citizen, twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year, (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election," shall be amended, so as to read as follows:

Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at the polling place of the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere.

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least thirty days.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year [or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months] immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least thirty days immediately preceding the election. The legislature, at the session thereof next after the adoption of this section, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws to properly enforce this provision.

Fourth. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for thirty days and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, except at municipal elections, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elected by the people; *Provided*, That in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district, and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election district in which they respectively reside.

Fifth. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained or lost a residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service of the United States or the State, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or of the high seas, nor while a student of any college or seminary of learning, nor while kept at any almshouse or public institution, except the inmates of any home for disabled and indigent soldiers and sailors, who, for the purpose of voting, shall be deemed to reside in the election district where said home is located. Laws shall be made for ascertaining, by proper proofs, the citizens who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage hereby established."

A true copy of the joint resolution.

CHARLES W. STONE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Miscellaneous.

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weak and Painful Kidneys, Aching Sides, Back and Chest, Rheumatic, Sciatic, Sharp, and Muscular Pains, relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only instantaneous pain-killing strengthening plaster. 25 cts; 5 for $1. At druggists, or of Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

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IN LIQUID NO BOILING EASILY MADE. THIS PACKAGE MAKES FIVE GALLONS. MAKES FIVE GALLONS DELICIOUS AND SPARKLING

ROOT BEER

The most APPETIZING and WHOLESOME TEMPERANCE DRINK in the world. TRY IT.

Ask your Druggist or Grocer for it.

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To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our Machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send Free to one person in each locality the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments complete. We will also send Free a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 12 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the Singer patents, which have run out; before patents ran out it sold for $50, with the attachments, and now sells for $50. Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure free the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown to America. TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.

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DEAFNESS CURED by Peck's Pat. Invisible TUBULAR EAR CUSHIONS. Whispers heard distinctly. Comfortable. Successful when all remedies fail. Illustrated book & proofs free. Address or call on F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, N. Y.
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EDDY'S POTATO BUG EXTERMINATOR.

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SALESMEN to sell choice Nursery Stock. LIBERAL PAY. GUARANTEED WEEKLY. No experience required. Commence at once and success assured. Write Fred E. Young, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y.
22 15 2m

Amendment Meeting.

At the meeting held in Union township, on Friday night, great interest was shown. Although it rained a brisk shower about the time of gathering, a sufficient number assembled to make an interesting and appreciative audience. At eight o'clock the meeting was called to order by Mr. Shepley, who acted as chairman for the evening. After the election of other officers, D. F. Fortney, Esq., of this place, was introduced by the chair as the speaker.

Mr. Fortney proceeded to answer some of the so-called arguments of the opposition and to show the evils of the saloon, and succeeded in holding the attention of the audience for about an hour and a half, after which a hasty and unanimous vote of thanks was tendered the speaker. At the close of the meeting many voters came forward and expressed their earnest wish for the interest of the cause and a desire that the Amendment may pass.

All seemed of the opinion that there could be no question as to its passage, if in all localities the people were of the same sentiment of the Union township voters. The statement was made that they were in the proportions of 4 to 1 in favor of the Amendment. If the interest throughout the country can be thus awakened, there can be no doubt of the passage of this Amendment on the 18th of June.

—The Illinois Steel Company, which was recently formed by the consolidation of three other companies, has now it is said, the largest facilities for steel production in the world. The works will employ ten thousand hands, and although the Krupp Works at Essen, Germany, employ more men, their aggregate production is not so large. The new company can turn out annually 850,000 tons of pig iron, 975,000 tons of steel ingots, 900,000 tons of steel rails, 50,000 tons of wire rods, 60,000 tons of merchant bars, 40,000 tons of railway splices, and 15,000 tons of nails. The company will also take up the manufacture of tin-plate. This concern, in addition to its iron plants, controls some of the richest of the Bessemer ore mines of the Superior district, and large coke ovens in Western Pennsylvania.

—If the growth of Prohibition in this county keeps pace with the sentiments of the newspapers the prospects are indeed hopeful. The original prohibition papers were the *Republican* and then the Daily News. During all of the present campaign they have championed its cause and both of the Philipsburg papers were also early to advocate it. One by one the other papers have also come to the support of the Amendment until now the only one directly in opposition is the *Watchman* with the *Centre Reporter* and the Bellefonte *Fountain* sort of on the fence. Perhaps by June 18 all the newspaper fraternity will be united in advocating this measure of good government.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining at the post office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., May 20, 1889:

Miss Minnie Beirly, Angi Conrad, Mary Fisher, Albert Lyter, James Morrison, Gem McGinley, Wm Sampsell, Newton Shinefelt, Mrs Alice Siminon, Mrs Seequart, Mrs Lettie Taylor, Armstrod Wolard, Harry E Williams, William Wilson.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

Jas. H. Dobbins, P. M.

—It is pleasant to hear of the continuous and successful operation of any business establishment. We are informed that at the Centre Iron Company furnace iron is being turned out at the rate of from 90 to 100 tons every day. The rolling mill is also doing a most excellent business and is making very superior iron. It is evident from these facts and also from the general appearance of everything in and about the furnace that very competent and experienced individuals are in controll, and the Company have the congratulations of all of Bellefonte's citizens.

—Mr. Edward Shaffer and wife, Jerome Harper, Charles Cruse, Charles Noll, George Bayard, Harry Jenkins, Frank Lukenbach, Samuel E Nivling, Misses Millie and Myrtle Smith and Miss Sadie Malin, all of Bellefonte, were among those who were present from a distance and took part in the ball at Pruner's Hall last night, said Fridays Tyrone *Herald*. We call especial attention to the name of the first gentleman and his wife. Really, it's the first we knew of his departure from the state of single blessedness.

—For the benefit of the young gentleman described in the *Gazette* as "the young assistant recorder of Centre county" (by whom we suppose is meant Mr. Walter Lembkey) we would say that he had absolutely no participation in our recent ghost story and Francis, as usual, has made a mistake. It was not so great a mistake, however, as was Francis' recent attempt to personate a ghost and then to crawl under the lounge to escape the consequences.

The largest and most complete line of suitings now on exhibition on our counters that has ever been shown by us. Suits made to order at the lowest prices.

Montgomery & Co., Tailors.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—One little pig went in the pen,
Two little pigs also;
Three little pigs then did the same,
But the fourth little pig wouldn't go;
And the man who bought those little pigs said——!——
Well, you know.—*Ex.*

—Warming up again.

—Numerous young people went to Tyrone on Thursday evening to attend a large ball in that place.

—Miss Maggie Rodgers, of the Telephone Exchange, has recovered from her recent quite severe illness.

—May parties in the woods are postponed until the mercury rises high enough to thaw out the overcoats.

—The change from warm to cold and back again to warm caused serious disturbances with the telephone apparatus.

—On Philip Shook's farm in Gregg township there is a well preserved log house which is over one hundred years old.

—The second talk by Luther Benson, Esq., in the Court House, Wednesday night, was well enjoyed by a large audience.

—There are now fifteen Camps of the Patriotic Order Sons of America in Bedford county with a membership of over one thousand.

—There was another touch of spring on Thursday afternoon, which seemed more realistic because the hand organ was in operation.

—A Millheim *Journal* joke on a Bellefonte citizen: Mr. 'Ollie Meek, of Bellefonte, was in town as a delegate to the W. C. T. U. convention."

—Whatever Dr. Hibler does or has done is done thoroughly and well. For instance, look at the new brick pavement in front of his residence.

—The death of Mrs. Henry Krumrine, of Spring Mills, is much mourned by the people of that place. Her age was 71 years, 1 month and 5 days.

—It is said that when murderer Chas. Cleary was shown a Sunday paper containing his picture, he cried like a baby, and remarked: "This is worse than the gallows!"

—The trial of Cleary in Clinton county for murder cost $1500—an expense that would have been prevented had Prohibition been adopted in this State three years ago.

—Miss Amelia Martin, of Milesburg, is winning golden opinions for the unusual excellence of her speeches on temperance. The one on Thursday evening delighted a large audience.

—County commissioners will hereafter receive $3 per day and 6 cents mileage; judges, inspectors and clerks, $3 per day and 25 cents for every additional fifty votes over and above 200.

—We suggest that the railroad company put neat wire fences around their flower beds to keep the animals out. Mr. Amos P Lucas, of Philipsburg, is prepared to supply the fence.

—A new chapel connected with the Lutheran church in Coburn was dedicated on Sunday. Rev. Mr. Menges, of Philadelphia, officiated. At the same time $900 was raised to pay on a debt of about $1500.

—Rev. W. L. Hayden spoke on Prohibition on Friday evening to an audiance at Martha Furnace. The reverend gentleman is very logical, forcible and convincing and his speeches never fail to abcomplish good results.

—The new Democratic weekly paper in Tyrone will be called the Tyrone *Gazette*. Its time of appearance has been postponed a week and it will not be visible until Saturday, June 1. Might as well postpone it altogether as there is no room for Democratic papers in this enlightened age.

—A charter has been granted at the state department to the Central Pennsylvania Railroad company; capital, $500,000. The line will extend from Mill Hall, Clinton county, to Unionville, in this county, a distance of twenty-five miles. Samuel H. Hicks, of Watsontown, is the president.

—Mr. John Moore, while fishing on Wednesday evening, caught some very fine speckled beauties, but the finest of all got away from him. He says it was twenty inches long and as plump as a shad. He struggled with the fish a half hour and at length it gave him the slip by slipping through his fingers when he had it tightly grasped by the tail.

—William Kline, living on Dr. Dale's place at Lemont, died last Saturday evening and the funeral took place on Tuesday morning. The deceased was about thirty-seven years of age. He leaves a wife and three children to mourn his death. Mr. Kline was a brother of John Kline, Esq., of this place. We sincerely sorrow with all the mourning relatives in their loss.

—There seems to be no limit to the number of new railroads for this part of the state. A charter was granted on Tuesday for what is to be known as the Pittsburg, Beech Creek and Eastern Railway Company; capital $1,500,000. The road will be 150 miles long and will run from Mill Hall, Clinton county, through Centre, Clearfield, Jefferson, Indiana, Armstrong, Clarion, and Butler counties to Butler. Samuel Nevins, of Philadelphia, is the President.

SPIRITS WILL OUT.

And the Ghost Proves Nothing More than an Extraordinary Love Affair.

At length the problem of the ghosts has been solved, and in a way which the committee investigating it will forever remember. But the circumstances rendered it advisable to merely relate them without giving names.

The committee went to the residence earlier than usual, arriving there about 9 o'clock. When they reached the house they, of course, courteously inquired in regard to the young lady who was reported ill, and were told that she had entirely recovered and had gone away to spend the evening. Going at once to the haunted room, the committee noticed that the articles of furniture were in a somewhat confused state and thought they heard a slight noise, but were not at all disturbed by it. They fixed the electric light so that it could not be turned out and settled themselves to have a pleasant time, not expecting a visit from the ghost until 12 o'clock.

The Doctor can hear the most acutely and he remarked that most peculiar sounds were perceptible to his ears that were ever heard by mortal man. The party listened carefully to learn from whence the sounds proceeded and were confident that they issued from a closet in the room. It was but the work of an instant to open the door and there the sight which met their view was a profound surprise to every one. There was the beautiful daughter of the household holding fast in her arms a fine Angora cat, choking it to prevent it making a noise. She was so confused and surprised that she could scarcely speak and, amid the surprised exclamations of the gentlemen, she was led out. The members of the family, hearing the noise, also entered and all asked of her an explanation.

"Oh," she exclaimed in a hysterical manner, "the ghosts frightened me so that I escaped and hid in this closet." This was again surprising as it was generally supposed that the young lady's fear prevented her from entering that part of the house. The young lady blushed painfully and there was an evident desire on her part to escape from the room. The Angora cat mewed pitiously and jumping from her arms ran toward the lounge. This drew all eyes in that direction and there was visible a white jeweled hand just protruding from beneath. The figure of a man quickly followed the hand and the young lady screamed and fell in a faint to the floor. All the spectators quickly perceived that the individual who thus appeared so suddenly was a certain well known young man. He did not wait to recognize friends, but with a bound sprang through the window and was gone.

Then the real ghost story became known. This young man is the girl's lover. He had been forbidden to enter the house by the wrathful parents who do not approve of him, but the maiden overcame difficulties by receiving him through the window in this room. There their pleasant courtship was continued uninterrupted and the girl encouraged the idea that ghosts inhabited that part of the house. She was about to enter the room on Tuesday evening accompanied by her Angora cat, but quickly turned out the light, rushed from the room, leaving her cat to rush about the room and then leap through the window. On Wednesday night the lovers met at an earlier hour, but were so suddenly surprised that she fled with her cat to the closet while he crawled beneath the sofa.

Well, the maiden revived from her swoon and as there is really nothing very objectionable about the young man and being convinced that they love one another, the parents will likely invite him to the house and a wedding may be expected soon. The young man is the lively local editor of the *Gazette*, but the others must remain unknown.

Prohibition in Stormstown,

STORMSTOWN, May 21, 1889.

Editor of Daily News: The temperance meeting held in the M. E. church of this place under the auspices of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union was a grand success. The meeting was opened by the Rev. Wharton, pastor of this charge, by asking the congregation to sing, "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name." Then he led in a fervent prayer for the blessing of God to rest on the people and on the speaker of the evening. After the prayer he called for another song, after which he introduced the speaker of the evening—Rev. Alexander Cooper, of Michigan, who read a portion of God's Word and proceeded to deliver his address, the audience being so large that the door leading into the additional room had to be opened to accommodate the people.

Mr. Cooper held the audience spellbound for an hour and a half. His lecture was interspersed with incidents that had come under his own personal observation. They were told with a pathos that reached the hearts of the people, and impressed yet more deeply on their minds the facts and points which they were designed to illustrate. Mr. Cooper has an experience of his own and is fully qualified to appeal to his fellow-men to put out of the way the illurements of the saloon and drinking places, which draw men from the path of virtue and manhood.

He is a rapid talker, feels deeply what he says and is fully devoted to the work in which he is engaged. To fully appreciate his lecture he should be heard. After the lecture was ended Rev. Wharton requested all who were in favor of Prohibition to rise to their feet. The entire audience, except four or five persons, stood up. We think we can induce all of them to vote for God, and Home, and Native Land.

ONE WHO WAS THERE.

Marsh Creek Musings.

Mr. Henry Walker is going to move his saw mill away from its present location. We will be sorry when the loud shrill whistle can be heard no more.

Mr Irvin Butler is building a new barn.

Mr. Wm. Woomer departed for Maryland last week. Minnie seems lost without W. W.

A number of the young men hereabouts have gone to the bark woods where they will probably remain until next August.

Mr. S Confer went to Pine Glenn last Saturday and remained until Monday He says he will go again.

There was an ice cream festival at Mr. William Shank's on the evening of the 18th instant. It was very largely attended. Mr. Shank says there will be one at his house every two weeks in the future.

Mr. William Confer lost a valuable horse by death recently.

Mr. William Shank is a very good speaker. He addresses the congregation every Sunday evening after prayer meeting, and all are much pleased with his discourse.

There will be a temperance meeting held in this place on Wednesday evening to which all are cordially invited.

Mr. Otto McCoy was seriously kicked by a horse owned by Mr. Confer.

Mr. Clarance Walker visits the Water Rocks quite frequently.

Charles Neff, the merchant, is getting along very nicely. His brother Lot is clerking for him. Lot is a good looking young man.

Mr. Joseph Fetzer was severely injured by a horse on last Monday. We hope he will soon get well.

Mr. Thomas Malone is now holding forth in Snow Shoe. It seems lonely without him here.

James Heaton, Jr., is getting along very well on the Thompson farm. We wish him good crops and a long happy life.

Mr. Berdine Butler passed through this place recently on a business trip.

A. B. C.

A New Railroad and other Improvements for Unionville.

The late copious showers of rain were great boons to vegetation and fruit and to the protection of the forests by the quenching of the fires on the mountain.

The hopes for the future of our pleasant little borough, have again been revived by the prospect of a new railroad called the "Central Pennsylvania" lately chartered to this place, being built in the near future. Castles in the air are being constructed and look like car shops.

We have no idea the road will stop here, but will continue on westward across the Allegheny mountain which would be a great advantage to the citizens of Philipsburg and the western part of the county who could reach the county seat in 25 to 30 miles less distance than at present.

The manufacturing of charcoal has begun near Aaron Halls and a crain is being erected at the railroad for the loading of the coal into the cars. This will be a return of the black scenes of many years ago when the business was carried on in this locality, extensively.

Many of our citizens are making improvements in the way of repairs and paint. Our new postmaster has induced Mr. Holder of Howard to put up a new building for the office with a shoe shop in connection with it.

Miss Dora Finch and her father have bought the Charles Underwood farm of 48 acres near town for $800.

—The DAILY NEWS is mistaken in making the charge that the Philadelphia *Times*, in its issue of last Saturday, suppressed the interviews with men in Bellefonte who were favorable to the amendment, and gave only the views of parties who were opposed to it.—*Watchman.*

The DAILY NEWS is not mistaken and is not accustomed to make mistakes. If the *Watchman* editor can read English he will notice that our charge was that its publication was an illustration of the way it [the *Times*] is bought up, because it is a departure from what it proclaimed to be its policy a month ago, and that it publishes only what will suit it. Mr. E. C. Humes tells us that he was interviewed and Mr. Humes informs us that Col. D. S. Keller was also interviewed. Perhaps there were others. Now, if these gentlemen's interviews were not suppressed by the *Times* pray by whom were they suppressed? This complaint is made not only in Bellefonte, but also in Renovo and Huntingdon, where there was a similar suppression. We never questioned Mr. Love's position. He is a gentleman of the soundest legal discernment and most excellent judgment, and of course his vote will be cast for the Amendment.

—Moonlight lovers, this year, can listen to the music of the 17-year locusts.

Howard Happenings.

PICKED BY A POPULAR CORRESPONDENT AND PREPARED FOR OUR MANY READERS.

Will M McClintic, who keeps a livery and sale stable at this place, recently sold D B Kunes an iron gray horse that weighed 1300 pounds. It is considered one of the finest animals in the county.

David Hanon got "badly left" last Saturday evening when Mr. Will Baney, of Bellefonte, came down here and escorted Miss Carrie to church.

Harry Knarr departed last Friday for St. Louis.

Mr. J Linn Smith is renovating his store room—enlarging the shelves and repapering.

Mr. Abe Weber departed on last Tuesday evening for York, Pa., where he went as a delegate to the meeting of Odd Fellows.

John P DeHaas, Jr., and his uncle, Samuel Bechdol, are visiting friends in Snow Shoe.

Crosby Hayes was here over Sunday visiting his best girl.

W R Lucas transacted business in Bellefonte this week.

W H Long purchased a new horse last week.

N L Shenck spoke on temperance in the Evangelical church on Tuesday evening.

Clarence Cooke is very busy at present getting his bark out of the woods so that he can have it hauled to Howard. Clarence is doing a very nice business here and he deserves much credit for the number of men he gives employment.

Marius Miner's new shop will soon be ready for business.

John Hayes recently departed from this place with the intention of engaging in the blacksmith business with some men at Snow Shoe.

Collectors are getting very numerous, there being two here this week, each of them representing a Bellefonte newspaper. Call again, boys.

C P Roup & Sons have just completed the work of adding a shingle mill to their saw mill property. This gives them one of the completest mills in the country.

Some of our young married couples take quite a delight in children, having to borrow their neighbor's children to play with.

Young Ladies who win Honors.

It is with great pleasure and pride that we hear of the marked success that has attended the efforts of Misses Elizabeth and Mary Blanchard, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Blanchard, all through their College course at Bryn Mawr, but especially during the closing days there. It has been announced by Dr. Rhoades, President of the College, that the Mathematical Fellowship, entitling her to a scholarship for an extra year, and worth about $500, is awarded to Miss Elizabeth, over several other contestents.

Miss Mary's worth and merit have been emphatically recognized by the authorities of the College in the recent offer to her of the Secretaryship of that institution, which is at once a most honorable and responsible position. Miss Mary, however, has seen fit not to accept the the tendered honor.

These young ladies received their preparatory education at the Bellefonte Academy and by their progress and success in College have shown that the daughters as well as the sons graduated from our worthy and thorough institution to the hill go forth prepared to win for themselves, their parents, their teachers and the community where they reside the highest honors.

Railroad Flower Beds.

Mr. Zeigler fixed up the large flower bed at the depot in handsome style on Thursday morning. The bed is twenty feet in diameter inside the sod. On the outer edge has been placed Madame Salaroi geraniums, a fine spreading border variety. Inside these are a row of Gen. Grant geraniums which are scarlet in color. The same plant of mixed colors, occupies the space inside this. Caladiums, a very fine foliage plant, are the next in order and are near the top. Cannes plants are placed at the top with a male plant in the centre which grows to the height of about four feet and bears a handsome flower. These decorations will soon make this flower bed a glorious spectacle and everyone should take pride is helping to keep it in order.

The oblong bed furthest south has also been put in proper condition, it being planted with a border of portulacas, mixed. Next inside are phlox diumordii and a centre of stripped petunias.

The other long bed will contain colias. They are all very beautiful and from our office window they are in full view.

—*The* Prohibition meeting of the season was held on Wednesday evening at Marsh Creek. We are told that it was held away back in the woods and was attended by all the people of that vicinity. W. F. Reeder, Esq., and his law student, Mr. H. C. Quigley, were the orators. Mr. Reeder spoke with his usual eloquence and was applauded. Then Mr. Quigley entered into a learned discussion of the question and during his thrillingly eloquent speech there was such deep interest that perfect silence reigned. So great was the silence that it could be felt, and it is said that the audience could have heard the school house fall in if it had collapsed about that time. One man said that he could distinctly hear the blasting of rocks in Bellefonte. Everybody in that vicinity will vote for the Amendment.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Of Course, We'll Go.

On the 29th instant there will be opened in Ft. Worth, Texas, what will be known as the Texas Spring Palace, a building constructed entirely of the products of that State and in which will be displayed articles made or grown there. It will be unique, beautiful and interesting.

We call attention to it because of an invitation received to attend. If we start at once we can reach Ft. Worth, Texas, in time, so here goes.

—Governor Beaver has signed the hawkers' and peddlers' bill. It absolutely prohibits the hawking and peddling of foreign or domestic dry goods without a license, except that manufacturers may sell articles of their own manufacture without such license. License to hawk and peddle can now only be obtained through the courts on a certificate from two physicians that the applicant is unfit for manual labor.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL

PURELY — CALIFORNIA

D. WALKER'S

UREK

VINEGAR BITTERS

NEW STYLE PLEASANT TASTE

The Most Perfect Medical Preparation of the Age.

The New Style Vinegar Bitters

Is of a clear, dark reddish amber color. It has a delicious taste. It is a most invigorating tonic. It is a gentle and painless, but thorough cathartic It contains no opium. It contains no poison or hurtful drug of any sort.

New Style Vinegar Bitters purifies the blood, beautifies the complexion, strengthens the nerves, muscles and brain, drives away malaria, and keeps the system so strong as to enable it to repel infectious diseases and epidemics generally.

The organs of the body most given to shirking their regular work are the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys. A medicine that stimulates these organs into healthy action without causing pain, is invaluable.

New Style Vinegar Bitters does this, and it does the work permanently. It never robs Peter to pay Paul, as alcoholic and other (so-called) remedies do. It is a most grateful, healing medicine to all who are troubled with piles, for it relieves at once, and soon cures this most painful disorder.

It aids digestion, cures constipation, headache, bilious complaints, feverishness, neuralgia, nervous diseases of every sort, and every class of skin disease known.

As a Family Medicine, for the use of ladies, children and men of sedentary habits, the New Style Vinegar Bitters has no equal in the world. It is invaluable for curing the ills that beset childhood, and gently regulates the diseases to which women at every period of life are subject.

Ladies, get a bottle from your druggist and try it. If your druggist has not the New Style Vinegar Bitters, ask him to send for it. If you once try it you will never be without this priceless remedy in the house.

VINEGAR BITTERS.

The only Temperance Bitters known

It stimulates the brain and quiets the Nerves, regulates the Bowels and renders a perfect blood circulation through the human veins, which is sure to restore perfect health.

GEO W DAVIS of 169 Baronne St., New Orleans La., writes under date May 26, 1888, as follows: "I have been going to the Hot Springs, Ark., for fifteen years for an itching humor in my blood. I have just used three bottles of Vinegar Bitters, and it has done me more good than the Springs. It is the best medicine made."

JOSEPH J EAGAN, No. 75 West St., New York, says: "Have not been without Vinegar Bitters for the past twelve years, and consider it a whole medicine chest in our family."

MRS. MATTIE FURGUSON, Dryden, N Y, says: "Vinegar Bitters is the best medicine I ever tried; it saved my life."

T F BAILEY, of Humboldt, Iowa, says: "Vinegar Bitters cured me of paralysis ten years ago, and recently it cured me of rheumatism."

MRS WM A DAVIS, of Camden, N J, says: "I have suffered greatly from indigestion and bowel troubles, and Vinegar Bitters gave me great relief

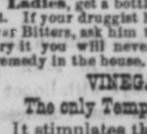
JAMES H DWYER, of Webster, Mass., writes: "I always use Vinegar Bitters as a spring medicine, and have the best of health."

L COLEMAN, of 77 Montgomery St., New York, writes: "I find your Vinegar Bitters a first-class tonic."

Thousands of other testimonials sent on application, also a ladies' book free.

Address, R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO., 532 Washington St., New York.

HUMPHREYS'



DR. HUMPHREYS' BOOK
Cloth & Gold Binding
144 Pages, with Steel Engraving,
MAILED FREE.
Address, P. O. Box 1510, N. Y.

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES	PRICE.
1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting	.25
7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25

HOMEOPATHIC

10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	.50
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding	.50
18	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.50
19	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	.50
20	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27	Kidney Disease	1.00
30	Nervous Debility	1.00
34	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.50
35	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00

SPECIFICS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO., 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

FARMS BEST Soil, Climate and Location in the South.—I F MANCAA, Claremont, Va.

JUST MARRIED.

How loving they are; this is always a sure sign. After the first year sometimes it don't hold good. When Chas. comes home grouty and cross, snapping and snarling, unable to relish the nice dinner you have cooked, and feels as if there was a ton of pig iron in his stomach, he is troubled with dyspepsia, and Sulphur Bitters is the only medicine that will cure him.

RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, May 13, 1889.

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	A.M	P.M
			WESTWARD	
LOCK HAVEN		4 40	9 15	4 20
Flemington—f	1.8	4 43	9 19	4 23
Mill Hall	3.6	4 46	9 22	4 26
Beech Creek	8.3	4 56	9 34	4 38
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 59	9 37	4 40
Howard	14.5	5 07	9 48	4 49
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 14	9 56	4 55
Curtin	19.9	5 18	10 01	5 02
Milesburg	23.5	5 25	10 12	5 10
BELLEFONTE	26.2	5 35	10 25	5 20
Milesburg	23.5	5 45	10 35	5 30
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 48	10 38	5 3.
Unionville	18.5	5 55	10 48	5 41
Julian	32.9	6 05	10 59	5 50
Martha	37.0	6 12	11 09	5 59
Port Matilda	40.4	6 21	11 17	6 06
Hannah—f	43.7	6 28	11 26	6 13
Fowler—f	45.0	6 30	11 29	6 15
Dix—f	46.8	6 33	11 32	6 19
Bald Eagle	49.2	6 40	11 38	6 25
Vail	51.2	6 44	11 43	6 29
East Tyrone	53.0	6 48	11 48	6 33
TYRONE	54.3	6 55	11 55	6 40
			EASTWARD	
STATIONS	Dis	A.M	P.M	P.M
TYRONE		8 10	3 10	7 15
East Tyrone	1.3	8 17	3 17	7 22
Vail	3.1	8 20	3 20	7 28
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 25	3 24	7 33
Dix—f	8.9	8 30	3 30	7 39
Fowler—f	9 3	8 32	3 33	7 42
Hannah—f	10.6	8 36	3 37	7 46
Port Matilda	13.9	8 43	3 44	7 55
Martha	17.3	8 51	3 52	8 05
Julian	21.4	8 59	4 01	8 15
Unionville	25.8	9 10	4 10	8 28
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 18	4 18	8 35
Milesburg	30 8	9 22	4 20	8 39
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 32	4 30	8 49
Milesburg	30.8	9 47	4 40	9 01
Curtin	34.4	10 01	4 47	9 11
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	10 06	4 55	9 17
Howard	39.8	10 16	5 02	9 27
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 30	5 10	9 40
Beech Creek	46.0	10 35	5 13	9 45
Mill Hall	51.3	10 50	5 24	10 01
Flemington	52.5	10 54	5 27	10 05
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	11 00	5 30	10 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect May 13th, 1889.

Westward P.M	Westward A.M	Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	Eastward P.M
3 35	7 30	SCOTIA	25.6	6 45	2 55
3 55	7 51	5.3 .. Fairbrook	26.3	6 22	2 35
4 05	8 05	8.7 ..Penna. Furnace	16.9	6 08	2 22
4 15	8 18	10.6 ..Hostler f	15.0	6 00	2 12
4 30	8 21	12.3 ..Marengo f	13.3	5 53	2 02
4 36	8 26	13.5 ..Loveville f	12.1	5 46	1 56
4 45	8 36	15.2 ..Furnace Road f	10.4	5 41	1 49
4 50	8 41	15.8 ..Dungarvin f	9.8	5 37	1 45
5 00	8 51	18.2 ..Warriors Mark	7.4	5 29	1 39
5 15	9 05	20.5 ..Pennington	5.1	5 20	1 30
5 25	9 15	23.5 ..Stover	2.1	5 08	1 18
5 40	9 25	25.6 ..TYRONE		5 00	1 10

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD.—Time Table, May 13, 1889.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 10.25 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 11.16 a m.
Leaves Snow Shoe at 4.00 p m; arrives at Bellefonte at 5.50 p m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 5.05 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10.00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect May 13th, 1889.

Dis.	Westward a.m.	Westward p.m.		Eastward a.m.	Eastward a.m.	Eastward p.m.
0	5.50	2.06	....MONTANDON....	5.30	9.10	5.45
1.5	6.18	2.18	Ar..LEWISBURG..Lv	5.20	9.00	5.35
1.5	6.18	2.18	Lv..LEWISBURG..Ar	.....	9.00	5.35
5.4	6.24	2.26	.....Biehl f.....	.....	8.51	5.28
6.8	6.30	2.32	.....Vicksburg f.....	.....	8.45	5.20
10.7	6.47	2.43	...MIFFLINBURG...	.....	8.35	5.01
13.1	6.48	2.50	.....Barber f.....	.....	8.29	5.01
15.2	6.54	2.55	.....Swengle f.....	.....	8.24	4.56
16.1	6.56	2.58	.....Millmont.....	.....	8.22	4.53
18.6	7.05	3.06	.....LAURELTON.....	.....	8.13	4.43
23.5	7.12	3.20	.....Pardee f.....	.....	8.01	4.30
28.9	7.30	3.33	.....Cherry Run f.....	.....	7.48	4.16
32.2	7.40	3.44	..Paddy Mt. Tunnel f..	.....	7.40	4.08
33.9	7.45	3.48	.....Ingleby f.....	.....	7.36	3.57
36.5	7.52	3.55	.....Coburn	.....	7.27	3.56
39.6	7.59	4.04	.....Zerby f.....	.....	7.19	3.45
43.4	8.10	4.13	.....Rising Springs.....	.....	7.10	3.35
46.2	8.18	4.21	.....Penn's Cave f.....	.....	7.00	3.27
49.2	8.25	4.28	.....CENTRE HALL.....	.....	6.52	3.20
51.6	8.32	4.35	.....Gregg f.....	.....	6.43	3.13
54.5	8.42	4.43	.....Linden Hall.....	.....	6.36	3.05
56.7	8.48	4.48	.....OAK HALL.....	.....	6.30	3.00
58.3	8.52	4.52	.....LEMONT.....	.....	6.25	2.55
60.2	8.59	4.57	.....Dale Summit f.....	.....	6.20	2.50
62.9	9.09	5.06	.....Pleasant Gap f.....	.....	6.10	2.40
65.2	9.14	5.10	.....Axeman f.....	.....	6.04	2.34
67.4	9.20	5.15	.....BELLEFONTE.....	.....	6.00	2.30

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, August 1, 1888, Trains on the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run Railroad will run as follows, leaving the PENN'A RAIL-ROAD STATION.

No6 P M	No2 A M	Dis.	STATIONS	Dis.	No1 A M	No5 P M
			EASTWARD.			WESTWARD.
6 20	9 10	15	Ar BELLEFONTE Lv	0	6	3 30
6 13	9 00	17	.....Scales.....	1	6 07	3 38
6 09	8 50	16	.....Morris F.....	2	6 11	3 42
6 03	8 42	14	.....Whitmer F.....	4	6 19	3 50
5 57	8 37	12 5	.....Hunters.....	5 5	6 25	3 56
5 53	8 34	11 2	.....Filmore.....	6 5	6 29	4 00
5 46	8 27	9 5	.....Briarly F.....	8 5	6 36	4 07
5 39	8 20	8	.....Waddles.....	10	6 42	4 14
5 31	8 12	6 9	...Scotia Crossing F...	11 1	6 53	4 22
5 11	7 56	2	.....Krumrine.....	16	7 09	4 38
5 00	7 50	0	Lv STATE COLLEGE Ar	18	7 17	4 43

Trains will stop at stations marked "F" when signal is given or notice to Conductor.
Train 2 connects with Trains east and west on B E V R and S S Branch.
Train 6 connects with Trains east on B E V R and the S S Branch.

THOS. A. SHOEMAKER, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after May 13th, 1889.

		WESTWARD	
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia daily	11 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 30	a m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	a m
"	" Jersey Shore "	7 35	a m
"	" Lock Haven "	7 58	a m
"	" Renovo "	8 50	a m
"	arrives Erie "	4 00	p m
NIAGRA EXP. leaves	Phil'a week days	9 30	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	12 15	p m
"	arrives at Williamsport "	3 05	p m
"	" Lock Haven "	4 15	p m
"	" Renovo "	5 15	p m
"	" Kane "	9 10	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte		5 20	p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philada. week days	11 56	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 45	p m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	p m
"	arrives at Lock Haven "	7 57	p m
"	" Renovo "	8 50	p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves	Phila.	4 30	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	9 10	a m
"	" Williamsport	11 10	a m
"	" Lock Haven	12 10	a m
		EASTWARD.	
Sea Shore EXP. leaves	L. Haven w. d	7 00	a m
"	" Jersey Shore	7 35	a m
"	" Williamsport	8 15	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	11 30	a m
"	" Philadelphia	3 15	p m
DAY EXP. leaves	Kane week days	6 35	a m
"	" Renovo	10 20	a m
"	" Lock Haven	11 15	a m
"	" Williamsport	12 20	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	3 15	p m
"	" Philadelphia	6 40	p m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie daily	3 00	p m
"	" Renovo	10 30	p m
"	" Lock Haven	11 25	p m
"	" Williamsport	12 25	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	3 22	a m
"	" Philadelphia	6 50	a m
RENOVO ACC'N	leaves Renovo w. d	4 35	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	9 45	p m
"	" Philadelphia	4 25	a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with P. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with train on L S & M S R R; at Emporium with B N & P R R, and at Driftwood with A V R R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Local Department.

—When cigarettes their vapors blow
In the people's throats and choke them,
It is some comfort slight to know,
They kill the dudes that smoke them.
Washington Critic.

—Rain, rain, plenty of it.

—As usual Senator Colquitt, of Georgia, delighted all who heard him in Philipsburg.

—Three new cases of smalipox were reported at Nanticoke, Pa., late Wednesday night.

—Colonel Edward C. Summers, of Huntingdon, died on Tuesday morning of pneumonia.

—Orators will likely mix up Prohibition and Patriotism in their speeches Decoration Day.

—Snow fell at Harrisburg Thursday and the surrounding mountains were covered with the beautiful.

—Mr. Henry Royer, of Rebersburg, is one of the very aged men of this county. His age is 94 and all his faculties are unimpaired.

—We understand that Mr. Sam Small is to be in Bellefonte next week, about the 4th or 5th of June, to speak on the Prohibitory Amend ment.

—The distinguished statesman and agricultural writer, Hon. John A Woodward, of Howard, beamed brightly on Lock Haven friends on Monday.

—It is predicted that the price of coal will fall by the 4th of June. This, if realized, will be welcomed with pleasure by the many who are able to place the winter supply in their bins before the cold weather comes along.

—Robert E. Carson, an old man, was found dead in the cob-work of Smith's dam on Mosquito creek, Clearfield Co., a few days ago. His skull was fractured by falling off the single plank walk, while under the influence of liquor.

—There was a great Prohibition meeting in the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, Monday evening, Governor Beaver presiding and Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, of Iowa, and ex-Attorney General Bradford, of Kansas, delivered addresses.

—The base ball game at the State College on Saturday afternoon was very interesting. It was for the championship of Centre county, the State College and Philipsburg teams being the contestants. The score was 6 to 2 in favor of State College.

—Part of the exercises at the cemetery this afternoon will be a poem to be read by Comrade R C Irvin, four beautiful odes to be sung, music by several bands, an address by Rev. W A Houck and probably brief remarks by ex-Gov. Curtin.

—Rev. Mr. Smith, of the M E church of West Huntingdon, thus testifies to the prosperity of his church during th e time Prohibition has been in vogue in that county: "I would say that the contributions of our church the last two years exceed the two former years at least 25 per cent."

—Mr. Cunningham is putting down his patent pavement in the Court House yard, covering the entire enclosure. Now that it is to be all pavement there is no use keeping it enclosed any longer, so please remove the fence and sell it to the railroad company to put around their flower beds.

—We were glad to read something this morning. It is that tan colored shoes, such as young men are wearing now, are fashionable. We can-not imagine any other reason for wearing such articles of apparal, for it ruins the effect of any suit of clothing to see below it such discolored pedal extremities.

—A temperance meeting was held in the Methodist church on Sunday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock. It was meant especially for children and was addressed by Miss Jones, a very talented lady from Philadelphia. Owing to the fact, however, that the managers saw fit to make no announcement that it was to be held, the attendance was very small.

—Dr. Pepper, the well known and very distinguished physician from Philadelphia, made a trip in a special train to this place on Monday evening, arriving about 6.30 o'clock, to see Mr. Adolph Loeb, who is now exceedingly ill. The Doctor remained until about midnight, when he returned. We hope his skill will bring healing to our excellent mercantile friend.

—We do not admire the taste of the Philipsburg *Journal* in placing Luther Benson's ability as a speaker above or even on a par with that of Senator Colquitt. Luther Benson is excellent, but there is nothing in his oratory equal to Colquitt's. The latter is cool, calm, dispassionate, withering in his sarcasm, fiery in his denunciation, absolutely convincing in his method of grouping facts and arguments, graceful in his delivery, without the least evidence of weakness of intellect or prejudice of mind. Benson is like an Alpine avalanche in his flow of words, pathos, wit and argument, but his manner influences only a few while Colquitt's has an influence on each one. Colquitt's address here was the finest heard from any orator on any subject.

MILESBURG MEMORIALS.

A Soldier Sermon—A Soldier's Funeral—Honor to Patriotism—The Wilson Raid.

Rev. Mr. Hunter, the Baptist minister at Milesburg, preached a sermon to the Grand Army on last Sabbath. It was an able and eloquent effort, dwelling largely on the value of American citizenship as secured to us by the soldier's services. He dweit with much feeling on the fact that many thousands of the brave men who kept us our Nation were in the poor houses of the country, and it needed all of their soldierly restraint and discipline to keep them from cheering when he said that "no soldier or soldier's widow ought to have to go to the alms house." The old soldiers were delighted with the sermon and joined heartily in singing, "My Country 'tis of Thee."

There will be considerable quantity of bunting flung to the breeze here on Memorial Day. There will also be a social dinner at the Grand Army rooms, given by the Womans Relief Corps. All the old comrades are expected to be there and a pleasant time is anticipated. In the afternoon, at 4.30, the parade, decoration of graves and orations will take place.

On Sunday last the remains of Abraham Stanley Watson, a soldier of the war of the Rebellion, were laid to rest in the Advent church cemetery. Mr. Watson was a native of Boggs township and always lived in it. He was 58 years of age. He enlisted in company E, first Pa. Reserve Cavalry, August 1st, 1861, and was mustered out September 9th, 1864. He served as private soldier and was then detailed as regimental teamster and then as a brigade wagon master. These were positions of great danger and responsibility and Abraham Stanley Watson acquitted himself with honor in each of them. His residence was on Wallace Run, some four miles from Milesburg, and the cemetery some two miles from his house. Mr. Watson, like most of the old soldiers, was poor, but rich men might wish for such a funeral. Sixty vehicles loaded to the verge were at the house and followed the remains to the cemetery, there to be met by almost as many more. There were 700 people at the cemetery. He was buried with the honors of war, and loving soldier hands laid the flowers of Spring on his coffin, which was

"Wrapped with the flag he so nobly defended,
Laid to his rest by his comrades in blue;
His a devotion known only to heroes,
His the reward of the brave and the true."

His funeral emphasizes the fact that our institutions are in no danger while the common people pay such honors to the patriotic dead.

Mr. Ira C. Stoner, of Salona, spent last Sunday with his soldier messmate of Co. E, Regt, 7, Penna. Cavalry, Mr. C. H. Else, our popular druggist.

Mr. Stoner and Mr. Else were on the celebrated Wilson raid after Jeff Davis at the close of the war, and it was in this memorable raid that Mr. Else was compelled to carry his saddle in order to save it. Both Mr. Stoner and Mr. Else served all through the war, Mr. Else being but 15 years old when he enlisted.

We were requested to mention in our news that the three men in town who are supplying their boys with liquor had better quit the iniquitous business as they are being watched.

Mrs. Carrie Kirby, of this place, is recovering rapidly under the treatment of Dr. Church. Mrs. Kirby, for some time, has been confined to her bed by an abscess on her hand. Two operations were performed by Dr. Church with the above result.

Miss Hattie Holmes has returned from Philipsburg where she has been attending school.

Temperance is booming. Last Thursday night Miss Amelia Martin delivered a temperance lecture in the M. E. church. Miss Martin's powers of comparison are much above the ordinary. She deserves much credit as she is virtually a self-made woman. Rev. W. L. Hayden, pastor of the Christian congregation in Bellefonte, delivered a most excellent lecture on Constitutional Amendment on Saturday night.

Rev. Sarvis, of Pleasant Gap, will deliver a temperance lecture on Tuesday night.

Laurel Run Events.

May 25, 1889.

Our former cook paid us a flying visit this week.

The people of Howard are still moving toward Laurel Run. Two more boys arrived here to-day.

Laurel Run mill continues to flourish It now employes from twenty-five to thirty men.

Prize fight here, which occurred last Sabbath. First round Lem came out a little ahead; second round, Miles knocked him clear out of time. "Better the day better the deed." [No, that rule don't apply to Sunday prize fights. They are not justifiable at any time, and especially not on Sunday—ED.]

The woodchuck skipped away from Andy, but was captured at length. Andy could not find him anywhere, but E. C D. and C. Walizer rolled up their sleeves' Walizer grasped a club and Dietz a cant hook. Soon they returned with the chuck, having canthooked him.

There was great excitement in camp the other day. What it was none could tell. The whole camp was aroused. Some had grasped guns and some clubs, even if they did not have their hats on. Finally Kelley saw the brush move and fired toward it. All rushed to the spot and found it was only a porcupine.

Louis Wagner says he would like to know where he could find a girl so that he could have an excuse to go to see her on the Fourth of July.

J O'Neal has been very sick the last few days.

Philip Ertie is an expert as fireman, but look out, Andy, when Philip gets up his Dutch.

The report at Howard that E. C. Dietz is crippled is without foundation; and the parties reporting are entirely too fast. SUN FLOWER.

Sunday Trains and Sunday Newspapers.

The proceedings of a meeting held in New York City deserve extended notice to show what advanced thought has been reached on the general question of Sunday observance.

The Moderator of the General Assembly, the Rev. W. C. Roberts, presided. In his opening remark he said that the proper observance of the Christian Sabbath was the strongest bulwark of our civilization and liberty. He observed that in the large cities in England and Ireland the Sabbath was much better observed than in New York, Chicago and other large cities in this country. He hoped that the Presbyterians would continue to exert themselves to have the Sabbath properly observed.

Col. Shepherd, who is editor of the *New York Mail and Express* and a son-in-law of Wm. H. Vanderbilt, and who knows where of he speaks, delivered a stirring address, and as usual attacked the Sunday newspapers. He said they were fast decreasing. The way to get rid of the Sunday newspapers was not to read them nor advertise in them, nor patronize them in any way. He believed that the Sunday papers could be stopped and he hoped every Christian would do all in his power to bring about that result. The Sabbath was also desecrated very much, he said by excursions. He was glad to be able to say that a number of the railroad directors in this vicinity were doing what they could to do away with Sunday excursions.

Not long ago, Col. Shepherd said, the West Shore & Hudson River railroad was in bankruptcy. The directors were begging for money to pay their debts. The principal business of that road was Sunday excursions. The fact that the road did not prosper showed that it had not God's blessing on the desecration of the Sabbath. New parties purchased the road, and the first thing they did was to abolish the Sunday excursions and now the road is prosperous.

—Rev. W W Anstadt, pastor of the Lutheran church at Huntingdon, says of his church during the past two years since there has been prohibition in that town: "The Lutheran church has been in a more prosperous condition in every respect during the last two years than during the two years previous and has increased her benevolence at least 40 per cent." Notwithstanding this testimony there are some Lutheran ministers who refuse to support the Amendment. It is like robbing the treasury of God to cast a vote against the Amendment.

—The casket in which was placed the body of the late ex-Burgess Harry S. Hale is the most costly and beautiful specimen of the kind ever brought to Bellefonte. It is of oak very beautifully polished. The inside is lined with white satin in the most elegant and elaborate style. The handles are of oxydized silver, tipped with gold and are magnificent. On the silver plate is engraved, "Harry S. Hale, died May 24, 1889, aged 36 yrs. 9 months and 23 days." The outside case is of cedar.

—The whiskey men must be greatly frightened in this State. They are causing to be published in the Philadelphia *Press* and other metropolitan papers exaggerated estimates which give them 100,000 majority. They imagine these figures will produce an effect on the minds of the voters who always want to be with the majority. Every voter must be guided by his considerations of right on this question; the city papers are very unreliable.

—At a meeting of the Gettysburg Battlefield Monument Association Saturday, Col. John P Nicholson, of Philadelphia, was selected as Secretary in place of Major Samuel Harper, deceased, of Pittsburg. Mr. Nicholson will proceed to Pittsburg at once to secure all of the papers that were in possession of the late Secretary; and the arrangements will proceed for the dedication of the monument on September 11th and 12th.

—We are informed that every member of the Bellefonte bar, with possibly one exception, will vote for the Prohibition Amendment. In Clinton county the bar is very strongly in its favor, there being only three or four exceptions, and in Huntingdon county the bar is even nearer unanimity on the question. All of which leads us to exclaim, "Hurrah for the lawyers of Central Pennsylvania!"

—And still the Tyrone burglar continues to ply his trade, unmolested by the policeman, watchman or other officers of the law.

THE WAY OF THE WORLD.

People get Married, Go Visiting and Hold Religious Meetings in Snow Shoe.

The Advents held their quarterly conference in Snow Shoe on Friday and quite a number of prominent people of that denomination were present.

Edward Quick, R. O. Heverly, Thos. Maher, William Keasky, Nicholas Manatdi and several others received their deeds from the Lehigh Valley Coal Co. on Friday.

The W. C. T. U. held their festival in the room adjoining the residence of W. R. Haynes, on Thursday and Friday evenings. The room was entirely too small and Mrs. Haynes kindly gave them the use of her front room in which to serve ice cream. We have not learned the exact amount of the proceeds, but think they amounted to something over forty dollars.

Mr. J. B. Marsteller, superintendent of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, accompanied by his wife and baby, took a pleasant drive to Bellefonte and back last Saturday.

Mr. Samuel Bechtol, of Howard, who has been troubled for some time with a disease of the throat, is spending several days in Snow Shoe for his health.

Mr. Woomer came from Bellefonte on Wednesday morning and put in a new telephone for Mr. G. W. Reeser, who owns the longest house in town. He says he is going to have it set up on end and then he will have a five-story house.

Miss Dora Fetzer, one of Snow Shoe's excellent dress makers, returned from Pine Glenn last week, where she had been employed for some time preparing the wedding outfit for one of Hiram Beates' handsome daughters, who was recently married to Mr. J. S. Heckenstorn, an enterprising merchant of Karthaus, Pa.

Robert Forsythe, of Houtzdale, Pa., is visiting his snow shoe friends and receiving treatment from one of our excellent physicians.

Mr. T. B. Budinger and family started on Saturday morning for a three days visit among friends and relatives at Mount Eagle.

From the Howard items we notice that some of the married couples have to borrow babies to play with. Said couples should emigrate to Snow Shoe, as it is a very rare case here that "marriage is a failure."

A few years ago one of our prominent citizens was converted and was called on to pray. Not being accustomed to pray in public, he stammered along for some time and all at once exclaimed, "O Lord, increase our families!" Judging from the number of youngsters in this community, his prayer is being answered.

Presiding Elder Hamlin held quarterly conference at the M. E. church in Snow Shoe on Saturday.

Queer Things From Houserville.

Don't make a mistake,
For Miller Jake
Is a man of great renown.
In his little red mill
He grinds away till
Quite thin the miller has grown.

The miller you'll find
Is a man very kind
And always willing to do you a favor.
If his toll looks small
He says—"Blame it all!
I'll just borrow some from my neighbor."

The meeting which was held in the Reformed church at this place (for the Amendment) was not very largely attended, but we owe it to the inclement weather, as the people of Houserville are very loth to turn out when there are any indications of a few drops of rain. Nevertheless, the Little Joker was there. The address, which was very much appreciated, was delivered by the Rev, Dr. Laurie of Bellefonte.

One of our young men who was rather late in getting home from seeing his best girl, feeling very tired and sleepy, undressed himself, put his clothes in bed, hung himself over the back of a chair, and snoozed away until morning.

We are sorry the young folks of this place do not know when it is time to go home when they are at a party, without having the lady of the house inform them.

You fellows who go with the girls will find I scream every Saturday evening for sale at E. Houser's.

LITTLE JOKER.

Keep Warm.

Rose Terry Cooke says: "If you want to be happy, keep warm. Women are eaten up with neuralgia, say the doctors. No wonder. They sit all the morning by a hot register, and then tie the five or six strip of bonnet over their back hair, a bit of lace film over their bangs, put on kid boots with silk or thread stockings underneath, and dawdle along the pave with bitter winds of winter smiting their temples, their delicate ears, their throat, and the bases of what should be their brain. Their outraged nerves shrink and quiver under this barbarous exposure. But, no matter; their chests are well covered with fur cloaks and sacques, but cold feet, the numb ears, the reddened temples, the exposed neck will have their own story to tell. Then you won't wear flannel next the skin. Why? because your waists will look too large, and it is the style to be as near in shapeliness to that delightful and shapely insect, the wasp, as humanity can be forced, Do you really like to ache and groan and to lay aside every few days with agonizing headaches or panting, laboring hearts?" Strange, if true!

Personal Pencilings.

Miss Annie Powers is visiting friends in Philipsburg.

On Monday Mr. Charles Cook went to Ridgway to attend court.

Mr. Joe Rawlins of Lewistown, is visiting relatives in this place.

Mr H. B. Pontius has been ill for a week past, but is now recovering.

Dr. Andrew Lieb, of Philadelphia, has been in town for several days past.

D F Fortney, Esq., addressed the citizens of Howard, Saturday evening.

Prof. J Milton Furey, of Lock Haven, is teaching a private school this summer.

County Treasurer Goss and his family are spending a few days at Pine Grove Mills.

Miss Edith Harris, M. D., returned home from Philadelphia on Friday evening.

Mrs. Burchfield, of Philipsburg is now visiting in town accompanied by one of her sons.

Mr. Ed. Shaffer refuses to receive congratulations on the recent matrimonial event in Tyrone.

Mr. Cal. Brachbill, who is now residing in Curwensville, visited his friends here on Monday.

Mr. Irvin Wirts, of Houserville, passed through Bellefonte on Wednesday on the way to Snow Shoe.

Mr. Adolph Loeb was reported improved in health on Thursday. Glad to hear of his convalescence.

Ellis Orvis and Wm. Singer, Esqs., made temperance addresses at Lower Rock on Saturday evening.

Ex-Congressman Yocum, formerly of this place, and now living at Johnson, Tenn., is said to be seriously ill.

Mrs. Reuben Valentine and daughters came home on Wednesday evening from their extended trip to California.

Mr. George T Bush is recovering quite rapidly from the injuries received by a nail passing through his right foot.

Rev. B. B. Hamlin, who as a presiding elder of the M. E. church is high in favor and popularity, officiated in Snow Shoe yesterday.

Mrs. Harris, of Philadelphia, formerly Miss Louisa Van Tries, arrived in Bellefonte on Friday evening to visit her numerous friends.

Mr. John Whiteman interviewed several of his friends in Lock Haven on Monday and they all said that John looks even better than usual.

Mrs. Wilson, of West Philadelphia, widow of the late Col. Wm. P Wilson, is visiting friends in town. Her husband was a member of Gen. Hancock's staff.

Mr. Theodore Deschner has been in York attending the convention of Odd Fellows. He was appointed District Deputy Grand Patriarch for this district.

Mr. Markle now sits in a handsome new delivery wagon which reflects back the rays of the sun from its glossy surface and is marked Joseph Brothers' Store.

Miss Annie V. Williams, of Philipsburg, and the valuable assistant of her brother, Mr. Harry Williams, in editing the *Ledger*, is sojourning in Bellefonte this week.

Misses Mame Meyer and Jennie Cramer, two of Centre Hall's fair young ladies, passed several days with Miss Jennie Lukenbach here, returning home on Monday.

Miss Bella Rankin, one of Bellefonte's most charming and accomplished school teachers, has gone to Philadelphia to visit her friends, spending most of her vacation days there and at the sea shore.

Mr. John A. Daley, the well known humorous speaker, traveler and writer, came home from Washington on Saturday. While in Lock Haven he was accompanied by Mr. Abe Weber, of Howard.

Rev. J A Woodcock and his son, Master Jay Woodcock, came home from Philadelphia last Saturday where they had been with Mrs. Woodcock. Mrs. W. remains in Philadelphia to consult an oculist.

Miss Alpha Corman is now living in that large and famous city Seattle, in Washington territory. She is located at No. 1019 Madison street, in that city, and it is reported, is pleased with what she has seen of it thus far.

General Hastings spoke to the students of Girard College last Monday, it being the celebration of the 139th anniversary of the birth of Stephen Girard. His subject was "Bosses," which he handled skillfully and attractively.

Mrs. McCarty, of Kentucky (formerly Mrs. Howard of this place) is visiting in Bellefonte. Though business is better and money more easily obtained where she resides in Kentucky, she much delights to visit her friends here.

Mr. L. A. Schaeffer, the Prothonotary of this county, and his accomplished wife and daughter, Miss Helen, went to Philadelphia Wednesday. Mr. Schaeffer will return on Monday, but his family will spend two weeks in the Quaker City.

Shad are selling for $13 a hundred down in Delaware.

Imposing Funeral Ceremonies.

The services on Monday morning over the remains of the late Lieutenant Colonel Harry S Hale were exceedingly imposing and ceremonious. Rev. William Laurie, D D., officiated, with other clergymen in attendance. The spacious mansion was filled and the street in front of the house was blockaded with people and carriages.

Company B, N. G. of Pa., was in attendance and the men, as they marched with measured step looked truly sorry for of the death of the leader whom they had held in so much respect. The special guard which accompanied the hearse were Wm. Scott, Frank Williams, Chas McClelahan, Jacob Fishburn, Chas. Rhone and William Garis.

The members of the Masonic fraternity were in attendance, and acted as pall bearers. Before the casket was finally closed the people present had opportunity to take a last look at the familiar features, which in death looked very natural. The floral pieces were elaborate, profuse and very beautiful.

The two special coaches received the funeral party, the company occupying one of them. A large number of people went with the remains to Lewistown where the handsome young man, now still in death, was laid to rest.

Funeral of Lieutenant Colonel Hale.

The Altoona *Tribune* notes the funeral services of the late Harry S Hale on Monday as follows: The funeral of Lieutenant Colonel H S Hale, of the Fifth regiment, took place Monday, the interment taking place in the Episcopal cemetery at Lewistown. The remains of the deceased were brought from Bellefonte and were accompanied by company B, Fifth regiment to the place of burial. Through a misunderstanding of orders, company G, of Lewistown, was not present at the funeral in a body. The members of the staff and field in attendance were: Colonel Theo. Burchfield, Major J F Mickel, Major Stayer, Adjutant Westfall, Quartermaster S H Williams, Lieutenant Creed, inspector of rifle practice and Sergeant Major Robinson.

To the Dead Soldier, Sir Knight and Citizen.

Company B boys marching slowly,
Soldier figures guard the bier
Of a soldier who has fallen,
He their friend and leader here.

Masons, white-gloved, march in order,
Sadness on each knightly brow,
For a true knight in the coffin—
They are mourning for him now.

Citizens, too, join the concourse;
Business stops its constant sway;
While unto the dead Chief Burgess
They a loyal homage pay.

They're mourning now for Harry Hale
Who from this life has gone,
But in their hearts he'll e'er remain
As the echo of a song.

They'll sadly miss thee, Harry Hale,
Passed from all mortal sight;
In memory's eye thou e'er wilt be
As a ray of golden light.

Why will they miss thee, Harry Hale?
Because of thy manly grace;
And of thy kindly, genial ways—
Thy frank and open face;

Of thy youth with promises so rare
In thy manhood well fulfilled;
Thy form so full with buoyant life
Which by death's touch is stilled

For all men loved thee, Harry Hale,
No foe—each man a friend;
And as they look into the skies
Prayers for thee will ascend.

Unto the "Man of Sorrows" now
Who walked this earth alone;
Who loved just such young men as thee,
His merits will atone.

Thy casket's covered o'er with flowers
Lillies and immortelle,
And in the resurrection day
May it with thee be well.

—John M., the eighteen-year-old son of Emanuel Noel, of Latrobe, was last Tuesday evening talking to a lady of that place, and at 8 o'clock was about to go home, but before leaving was going to say good-bye, but could not speak. The lady observed that something must be wrong, but could not imagine what it was. Finally she asked him if he was unable to speak, when he gave her a "nod," meaning yes. He went home and very much alarmed his parents by not answering their question. From then to this date he has been speechless, although no cause can be assigned for the peculiar trouble. His physician is of the opinion that the origin of the trouble was a jar or strain of some kind.

—A special from Huntingdon to the Altoona *Tribune* dated Tuesday the 28th, says: "The tin and hardware store of J. M. Laird, on Washington street, in this place, was burglarized last night of $300 worth of goods, embracing revolvers, knives, razors, cutlery, etc. The burglars effected an entrance at a side window, and from the neat manner in which they secured admittance it is surmised that they belonged to the professional variety. Mr. Laird had just launched out in the business on a rather extensive scale, and his loss will be a serious one. The goods taken had only been received yesterday."

Three Items from Houserville.

Among those who are ill in the village of Houserville are Mrs. R. A. Lyle and Mrs. George Tibbens.

Philip Wirts is erecting a new fence around his orchard, Harry Lyle being the fence builder.

Mr. Hutch Lutz recently lost two cows by death.